[NUMB. 2009]

South-Carolina

PRO PATRIA, PRO

MONDAY,

THE

GAZETTE

LEGE, PRO REGE.

JULY 4, 1774.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY, *Printer to the Honourable the* COMMONS HOUSE *of* ASSEMBLY, *at his Office on the BAY, near the Exchange.*

To the INHABITANTS

Of the Province of SOUTH-CAROLINA,

About to assemble on the 6th of JULY.

Our Vigilance and our Union *are Success. Our Negligence and our* Division *are Distress and Death. They are worse—they are* SHAME *and* SLAVERY.

FARMER's LETTERS.

Gentlemen,

THE Hour is approaching, the Determinations of which will affect Posterity to the remotest Generation. An unparallelled Stretch of arbitrary Power has lately taken away the chartered Privileges of a Sister-Colony, and granted to His Majesty the Property of Thousands against whom nothing had been proved. The same ministerial Tools who refused to admit the Letters of Hutchinson and Oliver to be Evidence in Support of the Assembly's Petition against them, have condemned a whole Town unheard, on the sole Evidence of their private Letters. The last Evening of May, Thousands of brave Americans lay down possessed of Lands, Wharves, &c. confirmed by Royal Charters; the rising Sun of the ensuing Day beheld them stripped of all legal Right to those Possessions. The loyal Sufferers supplicate our Aid: To concert some general Plan of Conduct, an auspicious Day will soon behold the numerous Sons of Liberty assemble at her Call.

Give me Leave to present to your View our happy Situation before the Year 1765. When Money or Troops were wanted, a Requisition was made to our Assemblies, whose Compliances in general did them great Honour; particularly in the last War, when they were supposed to have contributed more than their Quota.* A mutual Confidence reigned between British Subjects on both Sides of the Atlantic, Taxation being mutually acknowledged to reside in the Deputies of each, and Legislation in the Parliament of Great-Britain. Within these few Years, such is the encroaching Nature of Power, they began, for the first Time, to lay Taxes for *the raising of a Revenue.* Hence the accursed Stamp-Act, declaratory Act, and the Imposition of Duties on Paper, Paints, Glass, Tea, &c. The Americans, determined to oppose the raising a Revenue of them by Representatives they never chose, agreed to parry the Tea Act, by stopping the Importation of it. The Ministry, unwilling thus to be baulked, request the Aid of the East-India Company; They, knowing the Measure to be dangerous, because it was unjust, hesitate; but, after they were indemnified from all Losses, they undertake to export large Cargoes of Tea loaded with a Duty for *the raising of a Revenue,* to be paid in our Ports, with our Money. In what Light is the East-India Company to be considered in this Matter? As Merchants trading here under the Sanction of the Law of Nations? or, as a Banditti hired to attack our Privileges? In what Light could the Americans consider their Commodity? As the sacred Property of the honourable Trader? No? But as an Engine by which the Enemies of America meant to subvert its Privileges. Tea, so circumstanced, brought with such a Design, so involved in the Dispute, lost the sacred Sanction of common Property, and may figuratively be said to have changed its Nature, and become an Instrument of War. In this View of the Matter, the Bostonians seem to have done no more, than the spirited Traveller who breaks the Sword or Pistol of a Robber, presented to his Breast: Pardon the Comparison, ye pensioned Hirelings of Power, tho' Interest blinds your Eyes, the free-born Sons of America know, that notwithstanding the vast Atlantic rolls between, a Subject born in this Continent has a constitutional Right to the same Privileges, as if he had received his first Existence in the Island of Great-Britain; and that, of Consequence, no Power on Earth has any more Right to demand his Money, without his Consent, than the Assassin who robs on the Highway. They also know that Great-Britain claims a Right of obliging the Colonists to buy Manufactures of none but British Merchants; and that of Consequence a Duty laid on them for raising a Revenue, is a† Tax to all Intents and Purposes.

Figure to yourselves, my Countrymen, the abject Situation you are in. It is inconvenient to manufacture for yourselves: Indeed Great-Britain says you shall not, as in her Prohibition of slitting Mills, and the transporting of any American Woollen Manufactures whatsoever, or Hats, by Land or Water, from one Colony to another. She also commands you to buy from her. How complete then is your Slavery, if she has a Right to lay Taxes at Pleasure on those Articles of Commerce, which she will neither permit you to make for yourselves, nor buy from any but herself! This short Review of the Dispute, evinces the Justice of our Opposition to the Payment of Taxes on British Manufactures. By tamely submitting to this usurped Claim, you not only reduce yourselves to be Tenants at Will to the British House of Commons, but also lay a Foundation for overturning the Constitution of England herself. Her excellent Form of Government is supported on the triple Pillars of King, Lords and Commons; either of these being defective or overgrown, the Fabric will at least totter, if not tumble. The Americans, in one Century, will exceed the Inhabitants of England; if then their Property should be at the absolute Disposal of the House of Commons, they will grow too strong for the other Branches of Legislature, and erect a Government of 558 Tyrants, in the Place of the present admirably equipoised Constitution.

From what has been said, it appears, that the Duty on Tea is founded on the same Principles with the Stamp-Act, and ought to be opposed with equal Firmness. America, through a long Tract of 1000 Miles, remonstrated against the Precedent, and resolved that the Tea should sooner be destroyed than landed. Hapless Boston! not one Whit more guilty than the other Towns, thy Fate was predetermined! Thou wert deliberately ensnared, that thou mightest be superlatively punished. ‡ *Delenda est Carthago* was the Motto of thine Enemies. Thou didst break the Dagger that was pointed at the Heart of American Liberty, and therefore the Property of the Innocent as well as the Guilty has been ravished from them, and their Lives made to depend on those "whose tender Mercies are Cruelty."

Here let me pause and ask, Why is the Attack made only on one Province, when all are equally guilty? Divide and Destroy is the only Answer which can be given. Why are they punished so much beyond the Demerit of the Offence? To intimidate every American who would dare to dispute the Omnipotence of Parliament. Why is the Duty on Tea so warmly supported when it scarcely pays the Cost of collecting? ‡ Not for the trifling Sum of Three Pence a Pound, but to establish a Precedent to tax us *at Pleasure.* Yes, my Countrymen, you may depend on it, a Design is formed against your Liberties, and that one by one you will be Victims to ministerial Despotism, unless you unite in the most vigorous self-denying Opposition. The exhausted Treasury of England is unequal to the Support of the encreasing Number of Placemen and Pensioners, and therefore, they would fain augment their Resources, by plundering the fair Possessions which your industrious Forefathers have hewn out of the Wilderness of uncultivated America. Golden Showers have rained down on the Abettors of these accursed Schemes, and Disgrace fallen on every honest Man who opposed them. Witness the Promotion of Bernard, Oliver, and the Expectations of Hutchinson. Pardon me, ILLUSTRIOUS FRANKLIN! if I mention thy venerable Name in the same unhallowed Page which is stained with those of Hutchinson and Bernard. Though you disarmed the Heavens of her Thunder, and taught the Lightnings to play harmless around our Heads, yet because you opposed the Subjugation of your native Land, therefore you have been disgraced.

Suppose the Bostonians were wrong, in destroying the Tea; we should vigorously unite against the present Measure, as that Mode of Punishment is a fatal Precedent. If a few People, even if the whole Town was guilty, will this justify the taking the Charter from the whole Colony? If Restitution was to be made, is that a sufficient Reason, that the Lands, Wharves and Property of Thousands should be given to the King for ever? If these Acts of Parliament are suffered to operate, Landholders may consign the Deeds by which they hold their Property to the Tallow-Chandlers and Pastry-Cooks. If the Security of Property is the Object, why is it not tried at Common Law? No, my Countrymen, nothing less is designed than to beggar three or four worthy Patriots of that Town, new model their Constitution, and establish a Precedent for the enslaving this free Country. Do you need Arguments to prove that it is a common Cause, and that we should all unite, Heart and Hand, in some vigorous Measures of Opposition? Surely No. Methinks I hear almost every one resolve, that Tyranny and Injustice shall not enter in, till the Body of the last Freeman lies in the Breach. Sorry am I to hear, that some, insulting the Misery of the Bostonians, ludicrously compare them to a Fox, "who, having lost his Tail, largely insinuated against the Use of Tails, and persuaded the other Foxes to cut off theirs." Ye Assassins of America! (for I cannot forbear) who, though you have received your whole Existence from her Indulgence, trample on her Rights! What Name shall I give you? Ye are not Men; for is it manly to hug yourselves in wanton Ease, unconcerned at the Sufferings of your Brethren, bleeding in the common Cause? Ye are not Brutes; for "the Ox knoweth his Owner, and the Ass his Master's Crib; but ye neither know nor consider." The surly Dog will lick the Hand, and fawn upon the Man, who gives him Bread; but you, more ungrateful, join in the most unnatural Opposition to that Country, the Bounty of which enables you to bask in the Sunshine of Prosperity.—I trust, my Countrymen, ye have too much good Sense to be influenced by such unfeeling Wretches, and that neither Ease nor Interest will deter you from affording vigorous Assistance to your injured Brethren. At your proposed Meeting make the Plan of Operation as perfect as possible. Perhaps it is the last Time you will be indulged the Liberty of consulting together, on Pain of being fired upon, by licentious Men, privileged to murder. A ministerial Parliament has made it unlawful for your Neighbours to assemble; and many Reasons make it highly probable, that this is but ACT I. of the begun Tragedy of American Liberty. I would therefore recommend to you, the passing of some Resolves on the late oppressive Acts of Parliament—the choosing of Deputies for a General Congress—the entering into solemn Agreement not to import Goods (a very few Articles excepted) —the Appointment of Committees to procure Subscriptions to this Agreement, and to enforce the Observance of it; and also to collect Money for the suffering Poor in Boston and amongst yourselves. These Measures are hard; but unless we willingly impose them on ourselves, much harder are likely to be imposed by our unrighteous Task-Masters. I repeat it again (for it cannot be too often inflicted upon) that all Evils of this Kind *fly off and kick the Beam,* when weighed against the Consequences of our giving up the Point. What though you should be obliged to wear the same Garb your Slaves hitherto have done, or though every fourth Meal, the use of Buffaloes, should be supported by the Liberal and Wealthy. Better to remain in this State, calling the Little we have our own, than to commit Treason against the Majesty of Heaven, by tamely acknowledging the Claim of Parliament, to dispose of your Houses, Lands, Wharves, Money, and even your Lives, at their Discretion.

The Inconveniences of Non-Importation, however discouraging they may appear to the Imagination of the Timid, shrink into nothing, when compared with those it will prevent. The Planters are greatly in Arrears to the Merchants; a Stoppage of Importation would give them all an Opportunity to extricate themselves from Debt. The Merchants would have Time to settle their Accounts, and be ready with the Return of Liberty to renew Trade. We can live independent, as our Country abounds with all Things necessary for our Support. Who that has the Spirit of a Man, but would rather forego the Elegancies and Luxuries of Life, than entail Slavery on

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* In the Years 1690, *New-England alone furnished 3000 Troops and 40 Transports, against Canada. They sent 1000 Men under General Hill, for the same Purpose, in Queen Anne's Wars. In 1739 they raised 4000 Men to serve against Carthagena. In 1746 they alone made a Conquest of Cape-Breton. In 1759, at the Request of Admiral Saunders, sailing against Quebec, they sent him a Number of their best Sailors, who served in the Fleet during the Remainder of the War. They also sent a large Body of Troops under the Command of General Lyman, to the Havana.—All this they did willingly.*

† *I reject the Division of Taxes into external and internal. Any Duty laid to raise a Revenue is properly a Tax. What is commonly called an external Tax is no more than a Regulation of Trade, and tho' the Revenue might be accidentally encreased by such Regulations, they are very different from Duties laid expressly to raise Money.*

‡ *Many Things make this probable. Admiral Montagu, writing concerning the Destruction of the Tea, has these Words, "During the whole of the Transaction, neither "the Magistrates, Owners, or Revenue Officers ever "called for my Assistance; if they had, I could easily have "prevented the Execution of the Plan."—Why did Hutchinson necessitate the Destruction of the Tea, by the Refusal of a Pass?—His Letters complaining of their Charter:—The Clauses in the Bill lodged to impoverish Hancock, Rowe, &c.—and many other Things, make it highly probable, that the whole was a premeditated Juggle between Hutchinson and the Ministry.*

‡ *The Expence of the American Board of Commissioners is between 4 and 5000l. a Year—and yet, says the Author of "the Regulations of the Colonies," the whole Remittance from all the Taxes in the Colonies before this Establishment, at an Average of 30 Years, did not amount to 1000l. a Year. The Smallness of this Sum proves, that those Duties were Regulations of Trade; and the eternal Existence of the new Revenue Laws, and the Board of Commissioners, make it obvious to every Man, that the trifling Tax on Tea is designed only to try our Temper, and to prepare the Way for much heavier.*

his unborn Posterity to the End of Time? If Gentlemen of Influence lead the Way, the honeſt induſtrious Parties will appear more graceful in ſober Homeſpun than the gayeſt Butterfly dreſſed in all his gaudy Decorations. Nothing but Cuſtom makes the Curl-pated Beau a more agreeable Sight with his Powder and Pomatum, than the ſwarthy Savage with his Paint and Bear's Greaſe. Too long has Luxury reigned amongſt us, enervating our Conſtitutions and ſhrinking the human Race into Pigmies. "Hyſteric and hypochondriac Diſeaſes, which were formerly confined to the Chambers of the Great, are now "to be found in our Kitchens and Workſhops." Our wiſe-headed Fathers tell us, that, in the preſent Generation, there is a ſenſible Diminution of the Strength and Stature of their Predeceſſors, "who eaſily underwent "hard-ſhip."

Let us then be content to eat and drink and wear what our Country can afford, at leaſt 'till it is determined whether we are to work for ourſelves or the devouring Bloodſuckers of another Quarter of the Globe. This circumſtanced, a Non-Importation Agreement, will not only prove a Means of reſtoring our Liberty, but alſo be productive of many ſalutary Purpoſes.

The Number of People in England has been computed to be equal to Seven Millions, and that the Cultivation of the Land cannot employ more than every ſeventh Man, ſo that ſix Millions being ſupported by manufacturing, Weſtminſter Prudence ſuppoſe, that America conſumes nearly One Half of their Wares, and therefore virtually ſupports almoſt Three Millions of the Inhabitants of that Iſland. By a ſtrict Obſervance of a prudent Non-Importation Agreement, we can reduce this Number to a ſtarving Condition; and if Non-Exportation ſhould alſo take Place, it would leſſen the Revenue Two Millions Sterling a Year, and thus, Hannibal-like, we can plant the War in our Oppreſſors Country. Think with yourſelves, my Fellow-Countrymen, how confidently you may expect Redreſs when you have the Eloquence of three Millions of ſuch miſerable Subjects pleading in your Behalf!—A deſpotic Majeſty has been deaf to your Cries; but how can they be deaf to the Cries of ſo many of their own Subjects pinched with Poverty and Hunger? Will it ſuffice that Lord North ſhould exhort them to Patience, 'till he ſubjugates Three Millions of free-born Americans? Surely No: Something more than empty Words and empty Promiſes is neceſſary, to ſatisfy the inexorable Cravings of a hungry Belly. In vain has Chatham pleaded, in vain has Camden exhauſted the Powers of Language in demonſtrating our Right of Exemption from parliamentary Taxation; but not in vain will theſe pinched Millions plead. If we can forbid Pride and Luxury in ourſelves, and withhold our Commerce, in Six Months we can diſtreſs the Weſt-Indies and Great-Britain ſo, that the Cry of Famine re-echoed from thouſands, riſing in Mobs, will oblige the Parliament to adopt other Meaſures. Theſe are the conſtitutional Weapons with which we can fight the Enemies of our Continent. Courage then, my Countrymen. Remember the Succeſs that crowned your Oppoſition to the Stamp-Act. Unanimity and Perſeverance, in our good Cauſe, will make us invincible. Think of your Anceſtors who fled from Tyranny and Perſecution to this uncultivated Land; fearing leſs *from* ſavage Beaſts and ſavage Men, than *among* the worſt of Savages. By their Induſtry this Wilderneſs has bloſſomed as a Roſe. Will you tamely ſuffer your Poſſeſſions, improved by their Labour, and bought with their Blood, to be wreſted from you, and given to Placemen and Penſioners? Think of your Poſterity, and tranſmit to them the fair Inheritance of Liberty handed down from your glorious Progenitors. Kindle with the complicated Idea, and, upon this trying Occaſion, ſacrifice every private Conſideration to the Public Good.

When I review the Annals of the World, I am conſtrained to believe, that great Things await America. When Liberty was well nigh baniſhed from every Quarter of the Globe, ſhe found an Aſylum in this ſavage Land. Learning, Liberty, and every Thing that ennobles the human Mind, have conſtantly been travelling Weſtward. I never can believe that, in this favored Land, Slavery ſhall be ſo ſoon permitted to erect her Throne on the Ruins of Freedom. It is contrary to the Analogy of Things, which gradually have their Riſe, Progreſs, and Declenſion. Be firm, be of one Mind, abandon Luxury and Indolence, encourage Induſtry and Frugality. Chooſe your Deputies for a General Congreſs; ſolemnly enter into a Non-Importation Agreement, and religiouſly adhere to it. Thus perſevering, as ſure as God is in Heaven, you will obtain a ſpeedy Redreſs of all your Grievances.

Cave ego Libertatem, quæ mihi a Parente meo eſt tradita, expetar, verum id fruſtra, an ob rem facias, vereſ in Mente ſitam eſt Quiritis.

NON QUIS SED QUID.

CHARLES-TOWN, 4th July, 1774.

Edmund BURKE's *Speech on Lord North's Motion for Leave to bring in a Bill, empowering a Governor in North-America to ſend any Officer, who ſhould commit Murder in the Progreſs, to another Colony, or to England, to be tried.*

SIR,

I RISE with great unwillingneſs to oppoſe this meaſure in its very infancy, before its features are well formed, or to claim that attention which this Houſe ſeems ſo diſpoſed with ſo much reluctance to pay arguments in behalf of America. But I muſt call you to witneſs, that I have been hitherto ſilent or acquieſcing to all unexpected decrees of moderation. While your proceedings, as they were, had the leaſt colour of foundation in juſtice, I ſtifled from ſpeaking them; nay more—though your Bill for ſhutting up the Port of Boſton appeared to me many things moſt cruel, unwarrantable and unjuſt, yet as they were couched under thoſe general principles of Juſtice, retribution for injury, and compenſation for loſs adviſed, I not only deſiſted from oppoſing, but admitted its paſſing. The Bill was a bad way of doing what was right; but ſtill it was doing what was right. I would not therefore by oppoſing it ſeem to countenance thoſe violences which had been committed abroad; and of which no man diſapproves more than I do.

Upon the preſent queſtion I am totally unprepared. The motion itſelf bears no feat of reſemblance to what was formerly announced. The noble Lord and his friends have had every advantage of preparation. They have reconnoitered the field, and choſen their ground. To ſtrike them in their circumſtances may, perhaps, favour more of the gallantry of a ſoldier than of the wiſdom of the Senator.

But, Sir, the propoſition is ſo glaring; ſo unprecedented in any former proceedings of Parliament; ſo unwarranted by any delay, denial, or perverſion of juſtice in America; ſo big with miſery and oppreſſion to that Country, and with danger to this—that the firſt bluſh of it is ſufficient to alarm and rouſe me to oppoſition.

It is propoſed to ſtigmatize a whole people as perſecutors of innocence, and men incapable of doing juſtice; yet you have not a ſingle fact on which to ground that imputation. I expected the noble Lord would have ſupported this motion by producing inſtances of the officers of government in America having been proſecuted with unremitting vengeance, and brought to cruel and diſhonourable deaths by the violence and injuſtice of American juries. But he has not produced one ſuch inſtance; and I will tell you more, Sir,—he cannot produce one. The inſtances which have happened are directly in the teeth of his propoſition. Captain Preſton and the ſoldiers, who ſhed the blood of the people, were fairly tried, and fully acquitted. It was an American jury, a New-England jury, a Boſton jury, which tried and acquitted them. Captain Preſton has, under his hand, publicly declared, that the inhabitants of the very town, in which their fellow-citizens had been ſacrificed, were his advocates and defenders. Is this the return you make them? Is this the encouragement you give them to perſevere in ſo laudable a ſpirit of juſtice and moderation? When a commiſſioner of the cuſtoms, aided by a number of ruffians, aſſaulted the celebrated Mr. Otis in the midſt of the town of Boſton, and with the moſt barbarous violence almoſt murdered him, did the mob, which is ſaid to rule that town, take vengeance on the perpetrators of this inhuman outrage againſt a perſon who is ſuppoſed to be their demagogue? No, Sir, the law tried them; the law gave heavy damages againſt them; which the irreparably Mr. Otis moſt generouſly forgave them on an acknowledgment of the offence. Can you expect any more ſuch inſtances of magnanimity, under the principle of the Bill now propoſed?

But the noble Lord ſays, "We muſt now ſhew the Americans that we will no longer ſit quiet under their inſults." Sir, I am ſorry to ſay that this is declamation, unbecoming the character and place of him who utters it. In what moment have you been quiet? Has not your government for many years paſt been a ſeries of irritating and offenſive meaſures, without policy, principle, or moderation? Have not your troops and your ſhips made a vain and inſulting parade in their ſtreets and in their harbours? It has ſeemed to be your ſtudy to irritate and inflame them. You have ſimulated diſcontent into diſſatisfaction, and you are goading that diſſatisfaction into rebellion. Can you expect to be well informed when you liſten only to partizans? Can you expect to do juſtice when you will not hear the accuſed?

Let us conſider, Sir, the precedents which are offered to warrant this proceeding.—The ſuſpenſion of the Habeas Corpus Act in 1745—the making ſmugglers triable in Middleſex, and Scotch rebels in England. Sir, the firſt was done upon the moſt preſſing neceſſity, flagrante Bello, with a dangerous rebellion in the very heart of the kingdom in the ſecond, you well know, it was warranted by the moſt evident facts; armed bodies of ſmugglers marched publicly without preſentment or moleſtation from the people of the county of Suſſex; who, even to their magiſtrates were notoriouſly connected with them. They murdered the officers of revenue, engaged our troops, and openly violated the laws. Experience convinced you, that the juries of that, and of the counties ſimilarly circumſtanced, would never find ſuch criminals guilty; and upon the conviction of this neceſſity you paſſed the act. The ſame neceſſity juſtified trying Scotch rebels in England. Rebellion had reared its dangerous ſtandard in Scotland, and the principles of it had ſo univerſally tainted that people, that it was manifeſtly in vain to expect juſtice from them againſt their countrymen. But in America not a ſingle act of rebellion has been committed. Let the Crown law officers, who ſit by the noble Lord, declare, if they can, that there is upon your table a ſingle evidence of treaſon or rebellion in America. They know, Sir, there is not one, and yet we are proceeding as if there were a thouſand.

Having thus proved, Sir, that the propoſed Bill is without precedent to ſupport, and without facts to warrant it; let us now view the conſequences it is like to produce. A ſoldier feels himſelf ſo much above the reſt of mankind, that the firſt hand of the civil power is neceſſary to controul the haughtineſs of diſpoſition which ſuperiority inſpires. You know, Sir, what conſtant care is taken in this country to remind the military that they are under the cuſtody of civil power. In America their ſuperiority is fully ſtill greater. Remove the check of the law, as the Bill intends, and what inſolence, what outrage may you not expect? Every paſſion that is not pernicious to ſociety will be let looſe upon a people unaccuſtomed to licentiouſneſs and intemperance. On the one hand will be a people who have been long complaining of oppreſſion, and ſee in the ſoldiery thoſe who are to enforce it upon them; on the other, an army ſtudiouſly prepoſſeſſed with the idea of that people being rebellious, unawed by the apprehenſion of civil controul, and actuated by that military ſpirit which prevails even among the beſt of troops. In this ſituation the prudent officer will find it impoſſible to reſtrain his ſoldiers, or prevent that provocation which will rouſe the ſavage people to reſiſtance. The inevitable conſequence will be, that you will produce thoſe rebellions you pretend to abhorr.

I have been bred a ſoldier, have ſerved long. I reſpect the profeſſion, and live in the cloſeſt habits of friendſhip with a great many officers; but there is not a country gentleman of you all, who looks upon the army with more jealous eye, or would more ſtrenuouſly reſiſt the ſetting them above the controul of the civil power. No man is to be truſted in ſuch a ſituation. It is not the fault of the ſoldier, but the vice of human nature, which, unbridled by law, becomes inſolent and licentious, wantonly violates the peace of ſociety, and tramples upon the rights of human Kind.

With reſpect to thoſe gentlemen who are deſtined to this ſervice, they are much to be pitied. It is a ſervice, which an officer of feeling and of worth muſt enter upon with infinite reluctance. A ſervice, in which his only merit muſt be, to *bear much, and do little*. With the melancholy proſpect before him of commencing a civil war, and embruing his hands in the blood of his fellow ſubjects: his feelings, his life, his honour are hazarded, without a poſſibility of any equivalent or compenſation. You may perhaps think a law, founded upon this motion, will be his protection. I am miſtaken if it will. Who is to execute it? He muſt be a bold man indeed who makes the attempt. If the people are ſo exaſperated, that it is unſafe to bring the man who has injured them to trial, let the Governor who withdraws him from juſtice look to himſelf. The people will not endure it; they would no longer deſerve the reputation of being deſcended from the loins of Engliſhmen, if they did endure it.

When I ſtand up as an advocate for America, I feel myſelf the firmeſt friend of this country. We ſtand upon the commerce of America. Alienate your colonies, and you will ſubvert the foundation of your riches and your ſtrength. Let the banners of rebellion be once ſpread in America, and you are an undone people. You are urging this deſperate, this deſtructive iſſue. You are urging it with ſuch violence, and by meaſures tending ſo manifeſtly to that fatal point, that, but that a ſtate of madneſs could inſpire ſuch an intention, it would appear to be your deliberate purpoſe. In aſſenting to your late Bill I reſiſted the violence of America, at the hazard of my popularity there. I now reſiſt your phrenzy at the ſame riſk here. You have changed your ground. You are becoming the aggreſſors, and offering the laſt of human outrages to the people of America, by ſubjecting them, in effect, to military execution. I know the vaſt ſuperiority of your diſciplined troops over the provincials; but beware how you ſupply the want of diſcipline by deſperation. Inſtead of ſending them the olive branch, you have ſent them the naked ſword. By the olive branch, I mean a repeal of all the late laws, fruitleſs to you, and oppreſſive to them.

Aſk their aid in a conſtitutional manner, and they will give it to the utmoſt of their ability. They never yet refuſed it, when properly required. Your journals bear the recorded acknowledgments of the zeal with which they have contributed to the general neceſſities of the ſtate. What madneſs is it that prompts you to attempt obtaining that by force which you may more certainly procure by requiſition? They may be flattered into any thing, but they are too much like yourſelves to be driven. Have ſome indulgence for your own likeneſs; reſpect their ſturdy Engliſh virtue; retract your odious exertions of authority, and remember that—the firſt Step towards making them contribute to your wants, is to reconcile them to your government.

ANNAPOLIS, in MARYLAND.

At a meeting of the inhabitants of this city, on Wedneſday the 25th day of May, 1774, after notice given of the time, place, and occaſion of the meeting:

RESOLVED, that it is the unanimous opinion of this meeting, as the town of Boſton is now ſuffering in the common cauſe of America, to unite in effectual Meaſures to obtain a repeal of the late act of Parliament for blocking up the port of Boſton.

That it is the opinion of this meeting, that if the colonies come into a joint reſolution to ſtop all importations from, and exportations to Great-Britain, till the ſaid act be repealed, the ſame will preſerve North-America and her liberties.

RESOLVED therefore, That the inhabitants of this city will join in an aſſociation with the ſeveral counties of this province, and principal colonies of America, to put an immediate ſtop to all exports to Great-Britain, and that after a ſhort day hereafter to be agreed on, that there be no imports from Great-Britan till the ſaid act be repealed, and that ſuch aſſociations be on oath.

That it is the opinion of this meeting, that the Gentlemen of the law of this province bring no ſuits for the recovery of any debt due from any inhabitant of this province to any inhabitant of Great-Britain, until the ſaid act be repealed.

That the inhabitants of this city will, and it is the opinion of this meeting, that this province ought, immediately to break off all trade and dealings with that colony or province, which ſhall refuſe or decline to come into ſimilar reſolutions with a majority of the colonies.

That Meſſieurs John Hall, Charles Carroll, Thomas Johnſon, jun. William Paca, Matthias Hammond, and Samuel Chaſe, be a Committee of this city, to join with thoſe who ſhall be appointed for Baltimore town, and other parts of this province, to conſtitute one general committee, and that the gentlemen appointed for this city immediately correſpond with Baltimore town, and other parts of this province, to effect ſuch aſſociation as will beſt ſecure American Liberty.

Advertiſement.

To be LET,

On the Wharf late Beresford's,

A STORE fronting on the Bay and the Street leading to the Dock, with the Cellar under it. Three other STORES with Lofts and Cellars. And the DOCK belonging to the ſaid Wharf. For Particulars apply to

ALEXANDER GILLON.

CHARLES-TOWN, July 4.

ON Saturday laſt there was a General Meeting of the Freeholders and Inhabitants of the Pariſh of St. Bartholomew (one of the moſt conſiderable in this Colony) to take into their moſt ſerious Conſideration the Tendency of the Act, lately paſſed in the Britiſh Parliament, commonly called the Boſton Port Act, when they formed and ſubſcribed to, the following Reſolutions and Opinions, viz.

"I. That as they were under the ſtrongeſt Conviction, that the ſaid Act of Parliament is unconſtitutional in its Principles, and highly deſtructive in its Conſequences, they would unanimouſly join with the American Colonies, in oppoſing that, and every Act which has or may be paſſed by the Parliament of Great-Britain, threatening to deprive us of our conſtitutional Rights.

"II. That it be recommended at the General Meeting, that a Congreſs be aſſembled, to conſiſt of Deputies from each Colony, that a proper and well-concerted Oppoſition may be formed, to counteract the Operation of ſuch arbitrary and dangerous Meaſures.

"III. RESOLVED, That it was the Opinion of that Meeting, that a firm Union of the Colonies, will be the only probable Means of defeating the aforeſaid oppreſſive Act of Parliament: And they earneſtly recommend to each other, to be ſtrictly obſervant of any and every Reſolution which may be entered into on the 6th of July, tending to promote that great End; And that they would deem all thoſe who ſhould refuſe to concur in ſuch Reſolutions, to be Enemies to the true Intereſt of the Colonies.

"IV. They appointed James Stobo, Thomas Hutchinſon, Joſeph Glover, Iſaac Hayne, John Ward, Henry Hyrne, James Skirving, Edmund Hyrne, Philip Smith, and Charles Elliott, Eſqrs. to repreſent that Pariſh at the General Meeting here on Wedneſday next, then to declare theſe Reſolutions as their Senſe.

"V. They recommended, that the People ſuffering from the aforeſaid Act of Parliament, ſhould be relieved by a general Contribution; and declared they were ready to advance their reſpective Proportions for that Purpoſe."

After which a very conſiderable Subſcription was made for the Boſton Sufferers.

The Reſolves at the general Meetings in other Parts of this Colony, are much to the ſame Purport.

The Gentlemen to whom the Tea was conſigned (as mentioned in our laſt) by the Magna Charta, Captain Maitland, have refuſed to receive the ſame; and Captain Maitland has been deſired to carry it back to London.

By the indefatigable Induſtry and Perſeverance of James Pritchard, Eſq; who has ſpent moſt of his Time, for two Years paſt, in clearing and removing the Obſtructions, &c. the Navigation on Ediſto-River, we are credibly informed, is now extended to about 50 Miles above Orangeburg, and within 10 or 12 of the Ridge. About 8 Days ago the ſaid Mr. Pritchard arrived in Town, with a Boat of 14 Tons Burthen, which he had carried about 200 Miles higher up that River than any Craft had ever been before. The Fatigue and Expence attending this Undertaking have been great, but the Advantages that will accrue both to this Town and that Part of the Country, we are told, can hardly be eſtimated.

On Tueſday laſt Mr. Charles Ramage was married to Mrs. Frances Swallow, Relict of Mr. Newman Swallow, Merchant.

Laſt Wedneſday the Sloop Nancy, Capt. Dove, ſailed for Salem, with 204 Barrels of Rice on board, for the immediate Relief of the oppreſſed poor Inhabitants of Boſton,—being the firſt Contribution of the Gentlemen of this Colony for that Purpoſe.

The Ship Unity, Capt. Burrow, for Liverpoole, in attempting to go over the Bar laſt Saturday, went aſhore on the Breakers, and received ſo much Damage, as to be obliged to put back after ſhe was got off.

On Friday embarked for Rhode-Iſland, Mrs. Mary Cooper, Mrs. Vanderhorſt (Wife of Elias Vanderhorſt, Eſq;) and Children, Thomas Shubrick, Eſq; and two of his Sons, Nicholas Eveleigh, Eſq; and Mrs. Eveleigh, Mr. Thomas Pike and Family, Mr. Iſaac DaCoſta, and others—in the Sloop Friendſhip, Capt. Monro, which ſailed the ſame Day.

"On Wedneſday Evening laſt a Number of young "Gentlemen, Pupils of James Thomſon, A. M. late "Tutor of New-Jerſey College, performed the Tragedy "of CATO in the Preſence of ſeveral Hundreds. Their "Performance did great Honour both to the Pupils and "Preceptor, and exhibited fair Proniſes of ſuperior Eminence in their future Profeſſions."

"Death. The Reverend John Martin, A. M. Miniſter at Wiltown. "He was an animated evangelic "Preacher. His Abilities, natural and acquired, were "very great, and all devoted to the Service of God and "his Country. What he preached in the Pulpit, his "Life preached out of it; the Tenor of his Behaviour "being, as it were, a Practical Comment on that pure "Religion he warmly recommended to others. In his "Life there was not a good Action ſcattered here and "there, but, like the Milky Way, it was thick ſet with "the genuine Fruits of ſincere Piety and active Benevolence. The Doctrines of Grace he firmly believed and "and invariably preached, and on them reſting his Soul's "Salvation, he welcomed Death with ſuch a Heavenborn Tranquillity, as would have extorted a Wiſh from "the Sons of Vice and and Folly. *That they might die "the Death of the Righteous, and their laſt End be like hers.*"

The Printer acknowledges the Receipt of many Letters, which he is ſorry muſt be laid by, merely for Want of Room.

INGENUUS, &c. may rely upon the Public Approbation of their benevolent Deſign and Propoſal, and that it will meet with all imaginable Encouragement.

Timothy's Marine Liſt.

June Arrived at Charles-Town, *From*

29th. Schooner Savannah Packet, John Turner, Georgia

Schooner Comet (Packet) Capt. M'Dougb, Philadelphia

Sloop Taſter, Benjamin Mowry, Providence

30th. Brigt. Hero, Charles Chadwick, St. Kitts

June Sailed. *For*

29th. Schooner Rompar, Thomas Preſton, Virginia

Schooner Liberty, Richard Churchill, Georgia

Schooner Robert, William Mallory, Virginia

Schooner Fancy, Benjamin Burton, Granada

Sloop Mary, John Dove, Salem

Sloop Betſy, John Reyburn, New-York

30th Sloop Phebe, Benjamin Kemp, Providence

July. Ship Maria, James Dyſon, Cowes

Snow Nancy, John Thacher, Cowes

Sloop Friendſhip, Daniel Monro, Rhode-Iſland

3d. Schooner Betſy & Polly, Samuel Stone, Georgia

Schooner Suky & Katy, Charles Dawſon, Georgia

Schooner Defiance, George Phillips, Georgia

Schooner Sunbury Packet, Jer. Dickinſon, Georgia

Mr. TIMOTHY,

THE general Cry that has for ſome Time prevailed againſt my Countrymen, that they are, *in ſome*, inimical to the Liberties of America, is ſo manifeſt a Piece of Injuſtice to them, that I muſt beg Leave to claim a Place in your Paper, for a few Words in Behalf of the *State Mechaniks* of this Town, who are numerous, in general a Set of ſober, induſtrious, honeſt Men, and many of them otherwiſe reſpectable——Let others anſwer for themſelves.

This Order, Mr. *Timothy*, I can aſſure you, are not tainted with thoſe Views and Expectations that generally warp Men from a proper Attention to the General Good—they have experienced the Sweets of Freedom, in this Land, and they will ſhew that they value it as highly as any other People—they are not deſtitute of the ſame Feelings—and they have too much Generoſity of Soul, to make ungrateful Returns to their Fellow-Subjects, for the Favours they daily receive, in their reſpective Occupations, from the Natives in particular.

The Day is approaching when every Man will be tried. It will then be ſeen, whether our Claſs are not determined to be free. I dare be bold to affirm, Sir, that hardly a Man of us will be found to withhold his Concurrence, in whatever Meaſures the Body of the Inhabitants ſhall, on *Wedneſday* next, think neceſſary and expedient to be adopted, for the Preſervation of the juſt Rights of every American. I am, Sir, Your's, &c.

A SCOTS MECHANNIC.

Charles-Town, July 2, 1774.

Mr. TIMOTHY,

AS the elder Gentlemen of Property in this Colony have already generouſly contributed to the Relief of Boſton, ſo a Number of younger Gentlemen, alſo feeling in the Intereſt of America, and willing, by any Method in their Power, to contribute their Mite towards *alleviating the Diſtreſſes of their ſuffering Countrymen*, propoſe to perform a Play for their Benefit, provided they can be aſſured that the Elder and better-judging Members of the Community approve the Meaſure. They therefore beg the Gentlemen to ſignify their Sentiments thro' you, and will proceed accordingly. If the Scheme ſhould be executed, a ſufficient Number of Tickets will be printed and ſold, and the Money ariſing therefrom depoſited in the Hands of the Gentlemen who already take in Subſcriptions. Even Rice will be received, in Lieu of Money, for Tickets.

Theatrical Entertainments are intended to inſtruct as well as pleaſe; and as every poſſible Method ſhould be adopted to eſtabliſh the growing Virtue of Patriotiſm in the Minds of the zealous reſolved CAROLINIANS, ſo it is propoſed, to act BUSIRIS, KING OF EGYPT, written by the judicious Doct. Young. The Scene repreſents an injured gallant People ſtruggling againſt Oppreſſion, reſigning their All to Fortune, and wading thro' a dangerous bloody Field in Search of Freedom. The Characters are uniformly ſupported throughout, the Sentiments grand and ſtriking, and clad in an Elegance of Stile peculiar to the celebrated Author. An occaſional Prologue and Epilogue will be attempted, to pleaſe an indulgent Audience; and all poſſible Diſpatch will be made by the Gentlemen, who, conſcious of their good Intention, at leaſt hope an Excuſe of their Propoſal, and wait to know the Sentiments of a candid People.

INGENUUS.

July 2, 1774.

New Advertiſements.

To be Sold at public Vendue,

In GEORGE-TOWN,

On Friday *the 5th Day of* Auguſt *next*,

All the Perſonal ESTATE

OF

JOSEPH DUBOURDIEU, Eſq; deceaſed,

CONSISTING OF

A NEGRO MAN,

HOUSHOLD Goods, Kitchen Utenſils, Rum, Sugar, Wine, two Horſes, a riding Chair, a Cow and Calf, a few Head of Goats, one large new ſailing Boat with Saile and Rigging, a Canow, a ſmall Flat, a Parcel of Cypreſs and Pine Boards and other Lumber, and about 1800 Cypreſs Shingles. The Conditions will be made known at the Sale. All Perſons having Demands on the ſaid Deceaſed, are deſired to ſend them in properly atteſted; and thoſe indebted to him by Bond, Note, Book Account, or otherwiſe, to make immediate Payment of their reſpective Debts, to

PAUL TRAPIER, *Adminiſtrator.*

To be LET,

And may be entered upon immediately,

A BRICK TENEMENT in Tradd-Street, oppoſite William Burrows, Eſq. For Particulars, apply to JOSEPH VERREE.

THE Cattle, Plantation Tools, &c. belonging to the Eſtate of the late EDWARD SIMMONS, Eſq; formerly advertiſed for Sale, and unavoidably put off, will poſitively be ſold at the Plantation of the ſaid Deceaſed, at Stone, on Tueſday the 26th Day of July inſtant; and at the ſame Time and Place will be ſold an open SCOONER, which carries about ſeventy Barrels of Rice, and a large CANOE, both belonging to the ſaid Eſtate. JAMES SIMMONS, *Executor.*

ALEXANDER GILLON, & Co.

Have for SALE,

FINE OLD VIDONIA WINE in Pipes, Hogſheads and Quarter Caſks; Ditto, Sherry and Malaga in Quarter Caſks; Ship Bread in Small Barrels, and a few Barrels of Iriſh Beef.

ROBERT MUNCREEF,

At his Store in *Elliott-ſtreet*,

Has to DISPOSE *of*,

JAMAICA, Weſt-India and Northward Rum, by the Hogſhead, Quarter Caſk, or any Quantity not leſs than three Gallons; Madera particular Wine, Ditto inferior, red Port, Liſbon and Sherry in Bottles, by the Dozen, very good; Parker's beſt bottled Porter by the Dozen, or Cask of 6 Dozen each; Brandy by the Gallon; *Alſo*, beſt Muſcovado Sugar, and Coffee of an extraordinary Quality.

All Orders punctually attended to; and he will be much obliged to his Friends for their Commands, who may depend on being ſerved in the beſt Manner, and on the moſt reaſonable Terms.

To be SOLD by public Outcry,

On Thurſday *the 21ſt of* July *Inſt.*

At the Houſe in Dorcheſter, *where Doctor* ARCHIBALD MACNEILL, *deceaſed, lately lived,*

SUNDRIES,

Being Part of the Eſtate of the ſaid Deceaſed,

Conſiſting of the following, and other Articles, viz.

THREE Mahogany Library Book Caſes, two of which are very elegant; Several very good Fowling Pieces, one of them mounted with Silver, a Pair of Silver mounted Piſtols with Screw Barrels, Cutlaſſes, &c. Likewiſe a very good Gold Watch, with a ſecond Hand in the Centre.—A Quantity of *London* particular Madera WINE in Bottles; alſo Port WINE, Porter, Gin, Jamaica Rum, a Quantity of Negro and other Shoes. Likewiſe a Quantity of Sole Leather, Calf-ſkins and Saddler's Leather, three or four riding Chairs, one of which is a Solo Chair, lately imported from the Northward; alſo a very good Chair Horſe, and ſundry other Things.

The ſame Day will be SOLD,

By public OUTCRY,

At his Plantation near DORCHESTER,

THE Crop of Corn, Rice, Peaſe, Potatoes and Indico, as it ſtands on the Ground; alſo ſeveral Hundred Buſhels of very good Corn of laſt Year's Crop, Cattle, Hogs, &c.——The Conditions of the Sale are all Sums that do not exceed One Hundred Pounds Currency, to be paid for immediately in CASH, and all above that Sum to be Credit to the 20th of January 1775, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security.——The Property not to be altered till the Conditions of the Sale are complied with.

JOHN IZARD,
WILLIAM SANDERS,
ALEXANDER FOTHERINGHAM, } *Executors.*

Dorcheſter, June 30th, 1774.

To be Sold by Public Outcry,

On Tueſday *the 26th of* JULY *Inſtant,*

(If a fair Day, and if not, on the firſt fair Day after)

At Mr. STRICKLAND'S *near* CHARLES-TOWN,

At ELEVEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon.*

About Fifty valuable SLAVES,

Belonging to the Eſtate of Dr. ARCHIBALD M'NEILL, deceaſed; among whom are Bricklayers, Carpenters, Shoemakers, Cooks, a Barber, a Silverſmith, a Tanner and Currier, ſome very good Waſhers and Ironers, and Seamſtreſſes, a very likely and handy Mulatto Boy, who has been uſed to waiting in the Houſe, and ſome handy Boys and Girls. The Conditions of Sale are, Credit to the 26th of *January* 1775, paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale, and giving proper Security; the Property is not to be altered till the Conditions of the Sale are complied with.

All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſame, are deſired to make their Demands known to one of the Executors.

All Perſons indebted to the late Copartnerſhip of FOTHERINGHAM & M'NEILL, are deſired immediately to pay their Accounts, or ſettle the ſame to Satisfaction.

WILLIAM SANDERS,
JOHN IZARD,
ALEXANDER FOTHERINGHAM, } *Executors.*

To be SOLD,

PART of the Tract formerly Col. *Lucas's*, and now belonging to the Eſtate of *John Drayton*, dec. deceaſed; it is ſituated on Wappoo Creek, whereon it has ſeveral convenient Landings, is about five Miles from Town, and is extremely well timbered with Pine-wood. The Quantity now offered for ſale is about Five hundred Acres. For Particulars apply to

ALEXANDER ROSE, *Executor.*

At JACOB VALK'S *Office.*

For private S A L E,

SEVERAL NEGROES,

as also several Houses and Lots in *Charles-Town*, Plantations and Numbers of Tracts of Land, Plats of which are kept in a Book for that Purpose for public Perusal.

The Terms will always be made as agreeable as possible to a Purchaser.

JACOB VALK.

N. B. Money much wanted at Interest, and all Kinds of Business transacted upon Commission.

IT is particularly desired, that all to whom the Estate of GEORGE MULLINS, deceased, is any Ways indebted, to send in an Account of their Demands in order that the Affairs may be speedily adjusted, and those indebted to the Estate, are desired to pay immediately, or will be sued. *For the Executor,*

JACOB VALK.

For private S A L E,

And TO BE SOLD, *a great* BARGAIN,

(If Sold within a MONTH,*)*

THAT well-known valuable PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, of 450 Acres, on *Caraw-Swamp*, divided in two Parts by a public Drain, and to be sold separate; 190 Acres on one Side of the Drain joins Lands of *Thomas Ferry*, Esq; and the Estate of *Riccles Smith*, Esq; deceased, being Rice Land; the other 260 Acres, mostly Rice Land, and on which is the Settlement, joins Lands of *Doctor Haig*, Northward on Land lately Mr. *Thomas Elliott's*, now Mr. *Rowand's*, and on Lands of the Estate of *Thomas Hartley*, Esq; deceased; both Tracts being esteemed the best upon the Swamp. For further Particulars, enquire of

JACOB VALK.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

On Thursday *the 7th Day of* July *next,*

At the Vendue-House in *Charles-Town*,

(If not sold before that Day at ELEVEN *o'Clock)*

A Pleasant situated PLANTATION or Tract of LAND in *St. George's* Parish, between *Dorchester* and *Bacon's Bridge*, about Twenty-one Miles from Town, containing One Hundred Acres; Thirty Acres of it is cleared, and between that and Forty Acres good Rice Land; the Rest good for Corn and Indico: Also on the same an old Dwelling-House, large enough to supply Timber, &c. for the building of a new; bounding South on *Ashley-River*, and West on Ministry Land. For further Particulars and Terms of Sale, apply to

JACOB VALK.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

On Thursday *the 7th Day of* July *next,*

At the Vendue-House in *Charles-Town*,

(If not sold before that Day) at 11 *o'Clock in the Forenoon,*

A TRACT of LAND, containing Five Hundred Acres or thereabouts, situated in *St. George's* Parish, about six Miles from *Dorchester*, and Twenty-six Miles from Town, joining Lands of *John Perdriau*, *Richard Saltus*, and *Moses Mitchell*, and fit for Corn, Rice, or Indico, near Half being Swamp.—The Plat may be seen, and Terms of Sale made known, by

JACOB VALK.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

On Thursday *the 7th Day of* July *next,*

At the Vendue-House in *Charles-Town*,

(If not Sold before that Day at private Sale,)

TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER,

THAT well-finished commodious, pleasant situated House in *Orange-street*, opposite the Honourable *Thomas-Lynch Gordon*, Esq; consisting of five airy Rooms, Kitchen, Fowl-House, and good Cellar: The Lot contains Forty-two Feet in Front of the said Street, and One Hundred Feet in Depth.

Produce of this Country will be taken in Payment, as the Price shall be that Day: Or, any Person inclinable to treat by *private Contract*, shall upon Application, find the Terms will be made very agreeable to a Purchaser, by JACOB VALK.

ALL Persons to whom *George Mullins*, deceased, is indebted, are particularly desired to send in their Accounts attended, as soon as possible, to *Mr. Jacob Valk*; as likewise those that are indebted, to make immediate Payment to the said *Mr. Valk*, he being properly authorized by me, to settle the Affairs of this Estate. ROBERT CATTELL, *Executor.*

May 6, 1774.

For Sale, by private Contract,

A New, commodious, airy, and pleasant-situated HOUSE, in *Meeting-street*, opposite to *Wraggs Point*, Esquire. Two Rooms on a Floor, two Stories high, with Kitchen, Chair-House, and Stable for two Horses, with other Conveniencies.—For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

To be SOLD,

At Mr. PIKE's Long-Room,

By public OUTCRY,

On TUESDAY *the 12th Day of* JULY *next,*

At ELEVEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon,*

THE remaining Part of the Effects of Mr. THOMAS PIKE, consisting of three large Chandeliers, a few Globe Lamps and Irons, two *Bath* Stoves and Fenders, &c. &c. a Spinnet, which could not be sold before, as he was under a Contract with the ST. CECILIA SOCIETY, for the Use of them.

Also, A Share in the LIBRARY SOCIETY.

Likewise, Three Tracts of Land, containing Two of Two Hundred Acres each, and One of Fifty, joining each other; situated near *Ninety-Six*, bounding on Lands of *William Savage*, Esq.

The Conditions of the Sale is, Cash upon Delivery of the Titles, in order to hasten the Settlement with his Creditors, who may by the 20th Day of *July* next, receive a second Dividend; and those concerned, are desired to take Notice, that all Accounts unsettled, due to Mr. PIKE, will that Day be put in the Hands of an Attorney to be sued for without Distinction.

For the Assignees of Mr. THOMAS PIKE,

JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract,

A Pleasant situated Lot of Land upon *New Church-street Continued*, lately belonging to THOMAS MIDDLETON, Esq; deceased, containing in Front 67 Feet 6 Inches, and in Depth upon the Canal leading from the Bridge to the Flood Gate 362 Feet 8 Inches, with a good Dwelling-House, and Summer House on it. Two Years Credit will be allowed, giving Bond and paying Interest, with Security if required.

JACOB VALK.

CHARLES-TOWN, *May 26th*, 1774.

THE Subscriber being under a Necessity of closing his Concerns, hath put all his Affairs into the Hands of Mr. JACOB VALK, with full Power to have them settled, and with further Instructions to commit those to the Care of an Attorney at Law, in which his own Application proves ineffectual, on or before the 24th day of JUNE next, whereof he hopes every one concerned will take due Notice.

JOHN DELAHOWE.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

At the usual Place in Charles-Town,

On Thursday *the 7th of* JULY *next,*

At ELEVEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon,*

Being Part of the Estate of Mr. George Mullins, *deceased,*

A Very valuable Tract of LAND, containing 500 Acres, situate on the North-Side of *Savannah-River*, about 12 Miles from *Savannah-Town*, joining Lands of *Patrick Mackay*, Esq; and Mr. *James Stobo*; 496 Acres of which is Rice Swamp, equal, if not superior to any in the Province; the other, four Acres, is a Knowle of high Land, just fit for the necessary Buildings; a Creek commonly called *Mackay's Creek*, runs through the Middle, at any Part of which the largest Scooner may load at the Tide flows there very strong, and may be very easily dammed in, as it is not so much in Danger of the Freshes, being two Miles from the River. For further Particulars and Terms of Sale, apply to JACOB VALK.

For the Executor.

For private S A L E,

A Very valuable TRACT of LAND, containing 1000 Acres in *Amelia-Township*, within two Miles of Col. *Thomson's*, and about 100 from Town; on which is a Dwelling-House, 40 Feet by 20, framed, but not finished, with Indico Vats, and Provision enough planted for next Year; the Land is very high, and inferior to none in the Province for Indico, with Plenty of Oak and Hickory, and a good Fence all round it:

Together with, Two Hundred and Fifty Acres of Pine-Barren, within a Mile and a Half of the above, which it can not do well without.

Also, Twelve Hundred Acres in the Fork of the *Congaree* and *Wateree* Rivers, near *M'Gerd's-Ferry*, and about five Miles from Col. *Thomson's*, on which is a tolerable good House and other Buildings, 300 Acres of which is excellent high Swamp, has been settled some Years, and is exposed to have a very great Surplus.

Two Hundred Acres upon *Wateree-River*, very pleasant and healthy, situated upon a Bluff, being all Oak and Hickory, and nearly adjoining Lands of Mr. *Peter Leger*.

Likewise, A very valuable Tract of Land, containing 1600 Acres, situate at *Saltcatchers*, 12 Miles from the Landing; 600 Acres is fine Rice Swamp, 600 Pine, and 400 good Oak and Hickory has been settled, but no Buildings on it. Plats may be seen, and Terms of Sale made known, by applying to

JACOB VALK.

For S A L E,

THREE small Tenements in *Allen-street*, commonly called *Dutch-Church-Alley*, at so low a Price as SEVEN HUNDRED POUNDS Currency, each Tenement. Credit may be had upon good Security.

Also,

Several NEGROES,

Of different Qualifications.

JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract,

A Very valuable Plantation or Tract of Land in *Prince-William's* Parish, containing 1076 Acres, 250 of which is cleared, exceeding good for Corn, Rice, or Indico, situated three Miles from Stony-Creek or Pocotaligo, joining Lands of his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, Stephen Bull of Sheldon, Esq; John Izard, Esq; Mr. Bryan, and Mr. Deveaux. The Terms will be made agreeable to the Purchaser.

JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract,

A Valuable Lot of Land in *King-street*, opposite where the *Old Jail* was, running through from the said Street into *Orange-street* 200 Feet in Depth, and in Front of either Street 20 Feet, on which there is a very good Dwelling House (a Brick House) two Stories high, with other Conveniencies. For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

To be LETT *on* LEASE, *or*

To be SOLD, *a* BARGAIN,

THAT very pleasant and well-situated Place *Up-the-Path*, opposite *New-Market*, late the Property of *Francis Perry*, deceased, containing four Acres and a Quarter, more or less; on which is a convenient well built Dwelling-House, with a Piazza, Kitchen, Stables, and Chair-House, exceedingly well calculated for a Country Retreat, has a good Prospect, is very airy, and an agreeable Distance from the Road. The Purchaser may have One, Two, Three, or more Years Credit, paying Interest, with approved Security. For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

On Wednesday *the 6th of* JULY *next,*

At TEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon,*

At the Long Room, late Mr. PIKE's *Assembly Room,*

Will be exposed to public Sale,

EIGHTEEN seasoned Plantation NEGROES, belonging to one Gentleman, and sundry others, the Property of different People; their real Characters (if possible to be obtained) will be declared as they are put up.

Also, at the same Time and Place,

The following LANDS

Advertised for SALE *on the 7th Instant,*

At PUBLIC VENDUE.

THAT valuable Tract of Land of Mrs. GEORGE MULLINS, deceased.

That well-finished commodious and pleasant situated House in *Orange-street*.

That pleasant situated Plantation or Tract of Land of 200 Acres in *St. George's Parish, Dorchester*.

That Tract of Land of 300 Acres in *St. George's Parish*, six Miles from *Dorchester*.

The Conditions will be declared at the Time of Sale, by JACOB VALK.

ALL the Members of the CHARLES-TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY are desired to attend a GENERAL MEETING of the said Society, on *Wednesday July 6th*, 1774, at 12 o'Clock in the Forenoon, in the *Library Room*. *By Order of the President,*

JOHN COLCOCK, *Secretary.*

FOUND on *Monday* the 6th Instant, by my Negro Fellow, below the Quarter-House, in the Broad Road, a SILVER WATCH: The Owner by describing it, paying for advertising, and rewarding the Fellow, may have it, by applying to

June 15, 1774. DANIEL LEGARE.

A Quarterly Meeting of the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY, will be held on *Tuesday* the 5th Day of *July* next, at the House of Mrs. *Catharine Poinsett*, in *Charles-Town*, where the Members are desired to attend, precisely at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

There is a Vacancy for Schooling one Child, by said Society. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

June 8, 1774.

A Young genteel half-blooded GELDING, to be sold for no Fault. The Owner having no further Occasion for him.——Enquire at WILLIAMSON and CHAPLIN's Livery Stable, the Upper-End of *Meeting-street*.

CHARLES-TOWN, JULY 2, 1774.

AGREEABLE to the Directions of an Act of the General Assembly of this Province, intituled, "An ACT, to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD."

I HAVE enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies, to be at SIX POUNDS and TEN SHILLINGS, per Hundred Pounds Weight, and *Carolina* Flour at FOUR POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS (being both used by the Bakers); at which Price the HALF CROWN Loaves must weigh as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dr.	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dr.
WHITE,	2	10	8	WHITE,	0	0	0
WHEATEN,	3	7	12	WHEATEN,	3	3	0
HOUSEHOLD,	3	5	0	HOUSEHOLD,	4	4	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due Notice.

GEORGE SHED, *Commissary-General.*

Supplement to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

At JACOB VALK's Office.

For private S A L E,

SEVERAL NEGROES,

as alſo ſeveral Houſes and Lots in *Charles-Town*, Plantations and Numbers of Tracts of Land, Plats of which are kept in a Book for that Purpoſe for public Peruſal.

The Terms will always be made as agreeable as poſſible to a Purchaſer.

JACOB VALK.

N. B. Money much wanted at Intereſt, and all Kinds of Buſineſs tranſacted upon Commiſſion.

IT is particularly deſired, that all to whom the Eſtate of GEORGE MULLINS, deceaſed, is any Ways indebted, to ſend in an Account of their Demands in order that the Affairs may be ſpeedily adjuſted, and thoſe indebted to the Eſtate, are deſired to pay immediately, or will be ſued. *For the Executor,*

JACOB VALK.

For private S A L E,

And TO BE SOLD, *a great* BARGAIN,

(If Sold within a M O N T H,)

THAT well-known valuable PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, of 450 Acres, on *Cacaw-Swamp*, divided in two Parts by a public Drain, and to be ſold ſeparate; 190 Acres on one Side of the Drain joins Lands of *Thomas Farr*, Eſq; and the Eſtate of *Rigdon Smith*, Eſq; deceaſed, being Rice Land; the other 260 Acres, moſtly Rice Land, and on which is the Settlement, joins Lands of Doctor *Haig*, Northward on Land lately Mr. *Thomas Elliott's*, now Mr. *Rowand's*, and on Lands of the Eſtate of *Thomas Hartley*, Eſq; deceaſed; both Tracts being eſteemed the beſt upon the Swamp. For farther Particulars, enquire of

JACOB VALK.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

On Thurſday *the 7th Day of* July *next*,

At the Vendue-Houſe in *Charles-Town*,

(If not ſold before that Day at ELEVEN *o'Clock)*

A Pleaſant ſituated PLANTATION or Tract of LAND in *St. George's* Pariſh, between *Dorcheſter* and *Bacon's* Bridge, about Twenty-one Miles from Town, containing One Hundred Acres: Thirty Acres of it is cleared, and between that and Forty Acres good Rice Land; the Reſt good for Corn and Indico: Alſo on the ſame an old Dwelling-Houſe, large enough to ſupply Timber, &c. for the building of a new; bounding South on *Aſhley-River*, and Weſt on Miniſtry Land. For further Particulars and Terms of Sale, apply to

JACOB VALK.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

On Thurſday *the 7th Day of* July *next*,

At the Vendue-Houſe in *Charles-Town*,

(If not ſold before that Day) at 11 *o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

A TRACT of LAND, containing Five Hundred Acres or thereabouts, ſituated in St. *George's* Pariſh, about ſix Miles from *Dorcheſter*, and Twenty-ſix Miles from Town, joining Lands of *John Perdrian*, *Richard Saltus*, and *Moſes Mitchell*, and fit for Corn, Rice, or Indico, near Half being Swamp.—The Plat may be ſeen, and Terms of Sale made known, by JACOB VALK.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

On Thurſday *the 7th Day of* July *next*,

At the Vendue-Houſe in *Charles-Town*,

(If not ſold before that Day at private Sale,)

TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER,

THAT well-finiſhed commodious, pleaſant ſituated Houſe in *Orange-ſtreet*, oppoſite the Honourable *Thomas-Knox Gordon*, Eſq; conſiſting of ſix airy Rooms, Kitchen, Fowl-Houſe, and good Cellar: The Lot contains Forty-two Feet in Front of the ſaid Street, and One Hundred Feet in Depth.

Produce of this Country will be taken in Payment, as the Price ſhall be that Day: Or, any Perſon inclinable to treat by *private Contract*, ſhall upon Application, find the Terms will be made very agreeable to a Purchaſer, by JACOB VALK.

ALL Perſons to whom *George Mullins*, deceaſed, is indebted, are particularly deſired to ſend in their Accounts atteſted, as ſoon as poſſible, to Mr. *Jacob Valk*; as likewiſe thoſe that are indebted, to make immediate Payment to the ſaid Mr. *Valk*, he being properly authorized by me to ſettle the Affairs of this Eſtate. ROBERT CATTELL, *Executor.*

May 6, 1774.

For Sale, by private Contract,

A New, commodious, airy, and pleaſant-ſituated HOUSE, in *Meeting-ſtreet*, oppoſite to *Hopkin Price*, Eſquire, Two Rooms on a Floor, two Stories high, with Kitchen, Chair-Houſe, and Stable for two Horſes, with other Conveniencies.—For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

To be SOLD,

At Mr. PIKE's Long-Room,

By public O U T C R Y,

On TUESDAY *the 12th Day of* JULY *next*,

At E L E V E N *o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

THE remaining Part of the Effects of Mr. THOMAS PIKE, conſiſting of three large Chandeliers, a few Globe Lamps and Irons, two *Bath* Stoves and Fenders, &c. &c. a Spinnet, which could not be ſold before, as he was under a Contract with the ST. CECILIA SOCIETY, for the Uſe of them.

Alſo, A Share in the LIBRARY SOCIETY.

Likewiſe, Three Tracts of Land, containing Two of Two Hundred Acres each, and One of Fifty, joining each other; ſituated near *Ninety-Six*, bounding on Lands of *William Savage*, Eſq.

The Conditions of the Sale is, Cash upon Delivery of the Titles, in order to haſten the Settlement with his Creditors, who may by the 20th Day of *July* next, receive a ſecond Dividend; and thoſe concerned, are deſired to take Notice, that all Accounts unſettled, due to Mr. PIKE, will that Day be put in the Hands of an Attorney to be ſued for without Diſtinction.

For the Aſſignees of Mr. THOMAS PIKE,

JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract,

A Pleaſant ſituated Lot of Land upon *New Church-ſtreet Continued*, lately belonging to THOMAS MIDDLETON, Eſq; deceaſed, containing in Front 67 Feet 6 Inches, and in Depth upon the Canal leading from the Bridge to the Flood Gate 362 Feet 8 Inches, with a good Dwelling-Houſe, and Summer Houſe on it. Two Years Credit will be allowed, giving Bond and paying Intereſt, with Security if required.

JACOB VALK.

CHARLES-TOWN, *May* 26*th*, 1774.

THE Subſcriber being under a Neceſſity of cloſing his Concerns, hath put all his Affairs into the Hands of Mr. JACOB VALK, with full Power to have them ſettled, and with further Inſtructions to commit thoſe to the Care of an Attorney at Law, in which his own Application proves ineffectual, on or before the 12th day of JUNE next, whereof he hopes every one concerned will take due Notice.

JOHN DELAHOWE.

To be Sold by public Outcry,

At the uſual Place in Charles-Town,

On Thurſday *the 7th of* JULY *next*,

At E L E V E N *o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

Being Part of the Eſtate of Mr. George Mullins, *deceaſed*,

A Very valuable Tract of LAND, containing 500 Acres, ſituate on the North-Side of *Savannah-River*, about 12 Miles from *Savannah-Town*, joining Lands of *Patrick Mackay*, Eſq; and Mr. *James Stobo*; 456 Acres of which is Rice Swamp, equal, if not ſuperior to any in the Province; the other, four Acres, is a Knowle of high Land, juſt fit for the neceſſary Buildings; a Creek commonly called *Mackay's Creek*, runs through the Middle, at any Part of which the largeſt Scooner may load as the Tide flows there very ſtrong, and may be very eaſily dammed in, as it is not ſo much in Danger of the Freſhes, being two Miles from the River. For further Particulars and Terms of Sale, apply to JACOB VALK.

For the Executor.

For private S A L E,

A Very valuable TRACT of LAND, containing 1000 Acres in *Amelia-Townſhip*, within two Miles of Col. *Thomſon's*, and about 100 from Town; on which is a Dwelling-Houſe, 40 Feet by 20, framed, but not finiſhed, with Indico Vats, and Proviſion enough planted for next Year; the Land is very high, and inferior to none in the Province for Indico, with Plenty of Oak and Hickory, and a good Fence all round it:

Together with, Two Hundred and Fifty Acres of Pine-Barren, within a Mile and a Half of the above, which it can not do well without.

Alſo, Twelve Hundred Acres in the Fork of the *Congaree* and *Wateree* Rivers, near *M'Cord's-Ferry*, and about five Miles from Col. *Thomſon's*, on which is a tolerable good Houſe and other Buildings, 300 Acres of which is excellent high Swamp, has been ſettled ſome Years, and is expected to have a very great Surplus.

Two Hundred Acres upon *Wateree-River*, very pleaſant and healthy, ſituated upon a Bluff, being all Oak and Hickory, and nearly adjoining Lands of Mr. *Peter Leger*.

Likewiſe, A very valuable Tract of Land, containing 1600 Acres, ſituated at *Saltketchers*, 12 Miles from the Landing; 600 Acres is fine Rice Swamp, 600 Pine, and 400 good Oak and Hickory has been ſettled, but no Buildings on it. Plats may be ſeen, and Terms of Sale made known, by applying to

JACOB VALK.

For S A L E,

THREE ſmall Tenements in *Allen-ſtreet*, commonly called *Dutch-Church-Alley*, at ſo low a Price as SEVEN HUNDRED POUNDS Currency, each Tenement. Credit may be had upon good Security.

A L S O,

Several NEGROES,

Of different Qualifications.

JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract,

A Very valuable Plantation or Tract of Land in *Prince William's* Pariſh, containing 1076 Acres, 250 of which is cleared, exceeding good for Corn, Rice, or Indico, ſituated three Miles from Stony-Creek or Pocotaligo, joining Lands of his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, Stephen Bull of Sheldon, Eſq; John Izard, Eſq; Mr. Bryan, and Mr. Deveaux. The Terms will be made agreeable to the Purchaſer.

JACOB VALK.

For Sale by private Contract,

A Valuable Lot of Land in *King-ſtreet*, oppoſite where the *Old Jail* was, running through from the ſaid Street into *Orange-ſtreet* 200 Feet in Depth, and in Front of either Street 20 Feet, on which there is a very good Dwelling Houſe (a Brick Houſe) two Stories high, with other Conveniencies. For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

To be L E T T *on* L E A S E, *or To be* SOLD, *a* BARGAIN,

THAT very pleaſant and well-ſituated Place *Up-the-Path*, oppoſite *New-Market*, late the Property of *Francis Perry*, deceaſed, containing four Acres and a Quarter, more or leſs; on which is a convenient well built Dwelling-Houſe, with a Piazza, Kitchen, Stables, and Chair-Houſe, exceedingly well calculated for a Country Retreat, has a good Proſpect, is very airy, and an agreeable Diſtance from the Road. The Purchaſer may have One, Two, Three, or more Years Credit, paying Intereſt, with approved Security. For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

On Wedneſday *the 6th of* JULY *next*,

At TEN *o'Clock in the Forenoon*,

At the Long Room, *late Mr.* PIKE's *Aſſembly Room*,

Will be expoſed to public Sale,

EIGHTEEN ſeaſoned Plantation NEGROES, belonging to one Gentleman, and ſix days others, the Property of different People; their real Characters (if poſſible to be obtained) will be declared as they are put up.

Alſo, at the ſame Time and Place,

The following L A N D S

Advertiſed for S A L E *on the 7th Inſtant,*

At PUBLIC VENDUE.

THAT valuable Tract of Land of Mr. GEORGE MULLINS, deceaſed.

That well-finiſhed commodious and pleaſant ſituated Houſe in *Orange-ſtreet*.

That pleaſant ſituated Plantation or Tract of Land of 100 Acres in *St. George's Pariſh, Dorcheſter*.

That Tract of Land of 500 Acres in *St. George's Pariſh*, ſix Miles from *Dorcheſter*.

The Conditions will be declared at the Time of Sale, by JACOB VALK.

ALL the Members of the CHARLES-TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY are deſired to attend a GENERAL MEETING of the ſaid Society, on *Wedneſday July 6th*, 1774, at 12 o'Clock in the Forenoon, in the *Library Room*.

By Order of the Preſident,

JOHN COLCOCK, *Secretary.*

FOUND on *Monday* the 6th Inſtant, by my Negro Fellow, below the Quarter-Houſe, in the Broad Road, a SILVER WATCH: The Owner by deſcribing it, paying for advertiſing, and rewarding the Fellow, may have it, by applying to

June 13, 1774. DANIEL LEGARE.

A Quarterly Meeting of the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY, will be held on *Tueſday* the 5th Day of *July* next, at the Houſe of Mrs. *Catharine Poinſett*, in *Charles-Town*, where the Members are deſired to attend, preciſely at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

There is a Vacancy for Schooling one Child, by ſaid Society. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

June 8, 1774.

A Young genteel half-blooded GELDING, to be ſold for no Fault. The Owner having no further Occaſion for him.——Enquire at WILLIAMSON and CHAPLIN's Livery Stable, the Upper-End of *Meeting-ſtreet*.

CHARLES-TOWN, JULY 1, 1774.

AGREEABLE to the Directions of an Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, intituled, "AN ACT, to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies, to be at SIX POUNDS and TEN SHILLINGS, per Hundred Pounds Weight, and *Carolina* Flour at FOUR POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS (being both uſed by the Bakers); at which Price the HALF CROWN Loaves muſt weigh as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dr.	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	d.
WHITE,	1	10	8	WHITE,	1	8	0
WHEATEN,	2	7	12	WHEATEN,	3	3	0
HOUSHOLD,	3	5	0	HOUSHOLD,	4	4	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due Notice.

GEORGE SHEED, *Commiſſary-General.*

Supplement to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 2009] MONDAY, JULY 4, 1774.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by *PETER TIMOTHY*, Printer to the Honourable the COMMONS HOUSE of ASSEMBLY, at the Printing-Office on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

Charles-Town, June 10, 1774.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the several Persons whose Names are here undermentioned, that if they will call on the Subscriber, they may receive Certificates for their respective Demands on the Public of this Colony.

THOMAS FARR, jun.
Clerk of the Commons House of Assembly.

JOHN Akridge, Executors of Bartholomew Gaillard, Christopher Rich, and Thomas Wells, William Campbell, Robert Barnes, Joseph Dobson, John Hurst, John Vauchier, Charles Harrison, Andrew Agnew, Esq; Elias M'Pherson, Arthur Patton, Adrian Mayer, John Gaston, Esq; Daniel Stuart, Jonathan Wilkins, John Bowie, John Tygart, William Fitzpatrick, Joseph Howell, Robert Hutchison, Joseph Jolly, James Noble, Buckner Pitman, William Owens, Thomas Roberts, James Randolph, John Cook, William Hill, William Campbell, Richard Henderson, Caridian Finley, Thomas Neal, John Danner, Robert Moses, John Caton, Henry Cever, Mathew Knight, James Harley, Daniel Mooney, Walkinshaw Thompson, Benjamin Webb, James Jordan, Denham Ferris, Richard Treadaway, John Smith, Richard Williams, Philemon Waters, Joshua Loper, Samuel Dunlap, George Fogely, Robert Goodwin, Andrew Liddell, Samuel Nesmith, Gavin Pou, Esq; James Payne, Jacob Saylor, Thomas Taylor, Henry Wyatt, Perrick Calhoun, Esq; John Hamilton, John Jones, David Kehl, James Mayson, William Calhoun, Robert Fisher, Jacob Abner, Andrew Hamilton, Julius Holley, William M'Kinley, Aaron Mannon, John Mills, Constable, Alexander M'Alpine, William Stevenson, John Anderson, John Dooley, Thomas Houze, Richard Kirkland, John Mayfield, Lewis Morgan, James Price, Uriah Swearingen, Isaac Acherly, John King, Joshua Moore, Richard Jenkins, James Harkins, John Swertenbagh, Robert Dukes, Robert Dukes & Thomas Oglethorpe, James Owens, Thomas Hughes, John Owens, James Pierce, William Evance, John Galzer, William Gardner, Thomas Handlin, John Murrell, William Thompson, Constable, William Tyser, John Dearinston, William Jones, Thomas Hardyman & Charles Petley, Samuel Wariner, John James, Fargin Kane, John Airan, James Gill, Thomas Spell, Jeremiah Tilly, David Wellons, Daniel Triplet, John Barlow, Edward Cahill, Daniel Jelinette, William Sessoms, John Wilkins, Estate of Thomas Lane, John Wilson, Esq; and John Deering, Mary Adamson, Mary [illegible] the Commander of Fort Lyttelton, Port Royal [illegible] Gilon, Robert Goodwin & Philip Pearson, Abraham Wentworth, Ephraim Mikell, William Houfell, John Ruthen, Colhard Anderson, William Langford, William Dealey, John Hampton, William Briton, Joseph Parker, James Stevenson, James Hooper, Patrick Cahee, Daniel [illegible], Andrew Tending, John Hitchcock, William Hughes, William Dale, Daniel Bates, George Tholl, Samuel Beesley, Hasel Jenkins, Josiah Bellamy and Co. [illegible] Andrews, George Burrows, jun. Richard Desaussure, Alexander Campbell, William Price, Constables, Samuel Kelly, George Thomson, Michael Wourms, John Shrine, Richard Gower Dennis, Alexander Ingram, David Preston, Joseph Courty, William Lesker, George Anderson, George Beady, Henry Bull, Thomas Dutit, Eleazer Hedges, Jacob Juline, Abel Lewis, William Newman, Daniel Jaudon.

To be SOLD at private Sale,
The following LANDS,

For which the Purchaser may have two or three Years Credit, paying the Interest annually, viz.

A Very valuable Tract at the Euhaws, joining Land of Alexander Wright, Esq; Estate of John Heyward, and Harrison, containing 1295 Acres, Part of which is a Body of as good Rice Swamp as any in that Part of the Country, and near an excellent Landing.

A Tract upon Edisto River, about 15 Miles from Bacon's-Bridge, formerly belonging to —— Jones, containing 1000 Acres. Part of which is good Rice Land, and the rest proper for Indico and Corn. On this Tract is a good Dwelling-house and other Improvements.

A valuable Lot on Tradd-street, between Mr. Thomas Heyward's, and Mr. Baker's, 60 Feet in Front, and near 200 Feet deep.

JAMES LAURENS.

To be Sold by private Contract,
TWENTY LOTS of LAND,

each containing Forty Feet in Front, and from One Hundred and Seven to One Hundred and Fifty Feet Depth.

The said Lots are situated on a Street Forty Feet wide, laid out from *Broad-street* through Lands belonging to [illegible] near the West End of *Broad-street* aforesaid, which is as high a Piece of Land as any within the Limits of *Charles-Town*.

Purchasers may have a long Credit, giving approved Security, and paying the Interest punctually; and Plans of the Lots may be seen at Mr. *Wells's*, and Mr. *Thomas Langford's*, Booksellers, in *Charles-Town*.—Apply to

ARTHUR MIDDLETON.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, APRIL 19, 1774.

WHEREAS His Majesty, by His Royal Instruction, dated at ST. JAMES's, the 3d Day of February, 1774, has thought proper to establish new Orders and Regulations for the future Disposal of his Lands in this Province, excepting to such reduced Officers and Soldiers as Lands are directed to be granted to by his Royal Proclamation dated October 7th, 1773, but has, nevertheless, been most graciously pleased to signify, That it is not his Intention that those Persons who have hitherto obtained Orders in Council, or Warrants of Survey, for Lands in America, should be precluded, by the said Instruction, from carrying those Orders and Warrants into Execution, conformable to the Directions contained therein, or, that any Claim to a Grant for Lands, founded on any antecedent Step that can, in Equity, give a Title to such Grant, should be thereby precluded:

I DO HEREBY GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE THEREOF to all Persons concerned; and the several Officers in this Province are hereby directed to carry the said Warrants and Orders into Execution, that Grants may be passed for the same: But,

That the new Regulations, directed by the said Instruction, may not be impeded, ALL PERSONS are hereby required to carry the said Grants through the several Offices within Three Months from the Date hereof,

By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,
JAMES SIMPSON, C. C.

PUBLIC TREASURY, *March 4th*, 1774.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

THE *Public Treasurers* would gladly give the *Public* such a Description of the *Counterfeit Bills* now passing in this Province, as might effectually guard every Person from being imposed upon: But there are such a Variety of them (every Emission since the Year 1748 being counterfeited, except the Tax Certificates for the Indian Trade) that it is impossible. The only two distinguishing Marks that run through the most of them are these, viz. *The figures in the numbering are very bad, and the Names of the Signers are imitated by the Plate-[illegible] Pen.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the COMMONS HOUSE *of* ASSEMBLY,
March 18th, 1774.

RESOLVED,

That this House will make no Provision to pay the Expence of Victualling, Cloathing, or Presents given to any Indians whatsoever who may hereafter come into this Colony, unless specially sent for by the Governor or Commander in Chief, on Affairs immediately relative to the Colony.

ORDERED, That the Clerk do give public Notice in the Gazettes of the said Resolution.

By Order of the House,
THOMAS FARR, jun. *Clerk.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the COMMONS HOUSE *of* ASSEMBLY,
March 23d, 1774.

RESOLVED,

THAT this House will for the future, upon the Certificate on Oath of the Majority of the Justices and Freeholders who try Slaves, of the Condemnation and Execution of any Slave and Slaves for Felony, Murder, or any other Crime to be hereafter committed, and of the Value of such Slave or Slaves, PROVIDE such Sum or Sums, as a Compensation to the Owner or Owners of such Slave or Slaves, as shall appear to this House reasonable, additional to the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds provided by Law.

ORDERED, That the Clerk of this House do give public Notice of the said Resolution: and also, it is expected, that all Magistrates and other Persons who shall be concerned in the Valuation of any Slave or Slaves so condemned and executed, do have particular Regard to the Nature of the Offence which such Slave or Slaves are convicted of, and how much the Value of the said Slave or Slaves are lessened thereby.

By Order of the House,
THOMAS FARR, jun. *Clerk.*

Surveyor-General's Office, April 25th, 1774.

By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Persons who obtained Warrants or Plats for Land in this Province, before the 10th Day of May, 1775, and which were not out of Date at that Time, that the several Parties may carry the same before Execution, and obtain Grants; and such Persons whose Plats or Warrants were out of Date as that they cannot obtain Certificates from the Surveyor-General, may apply by Petition to the Governor in Council to have the same certified, or renewed to them, and the several Parties apply within *Three* Months from the 19th instant.

JOHN [illegible] MAR,
Deputy Surveyor-General.

Charles-Town, February 12th, 1774.

THE Subscriber hereby gives Notice to all Persons concerned, that he will not be accountable for any Sum or Sums of Money paid to any of his Deputies, either on Executions or otherwise, except Fees due on the personal Service of Writs, from and after the Date hereof.

THOMAS GRIMBALL, jun. *Sheriff.*

For Sale by private Contract,
Several very valuable Lots of LAND,
In *LYNCH*'s Pasture,

BEING the Choice of that LAND lately laid out.

Two Lots of which front upon *Meeting-Street* One Hundred and Thirty Feet, with a proportionable Depth, and most pleasantly situated.

Eight Lots front on *Hasell-Street*, being a new Street Forty-five Feet wide, and leads from *King Street* down to the *Bay*: Six of these are One Hundred and Fifty Feet deep.

Twelve Lots, about One Hundred Feet deep, and Thirty-two Feet Front upon *Pinckney Street*, which continues its Course to the *Bay*, nearly opposite Mr. Rose's Wharf:—Most of these Lots being situated upon as high level Land as any in *Charles-Town*, consequently command a most delightful Prospect of the Rivers *Ashley* and *Cooper*, and the Country opposite.

Some of these Lots will be divided, as may be most agreeable to the Purchasers,—and are positively to be disposed of upon *very reasonable* Terms.

Philotheos Chiffelle.

BARNARD BEEKMAN,

INTENDING to depart the Province by the 20th of *July* next, earnestly intreats all those who are indebted to him to make Payment before that Day.

In the mean Time he will sell the
LANDS & STORES,

On the WHARF, situate on a Street that leads down [illegible] from *Elliott-Street*.

The STORES are 50 by 24 Feet, built of Brick and the best Materials, they are very secure, and have [illegible] Cellars throughout, Ten Feet high, with a commodious Yard over the whole.

N. B. If the said Stores remain unsold until *Tuesday* the 26th of *July* next, they will then be sold at Twelve o'Clock of the said Day, by public Outcry, at the *Vendue-House* in *Charles-Town*.

Hawkins, Petrie, & Co.
HAVE FOR SALE,
Sundry Silver plated Articles, *viz.*

A Tea Urn, Waiters of different Sizes, Bread Baskets, Candlesticks, &c. which are of the newest Fashion, and will be sold very cheap; any Person taking the Whole, shall have them a Bargain.—They have also a Quantity of Silks of different Colours for Men's Summer Wear.

Wants Employ, as a NURSE,

A WOMAN who can be well recommended for her Care and Attention to the Sick. Enquire at TIMOTHY's *Printing-Office* on the *Bay*, near the *Exchange*.

To be SOLD,

By the Hogshead or Quarter Cask,

BEST Jamaica and Leeward Island RUM, exceeding fine Muscovado Sugar, by the Hundred Weight, and COFFEE of an extraordinary Quality, by ROBERT MUNCRIEF.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

SIR EGERTON LEIGH, gives Notice "agreeable to the Attachment Act, "that he is about "to depart the Province, and is ready to answer any "Suit that shall be brought against him, and in the mean "Time shall be always ready to appear and give Bail "(if demandable) to any Summons that shall be issued "against him."

Charles-Town, June 6, 1774.

To be SOLD at public Sale,
At the VENDUE-HOUSE,
On *Tuesday* the 5th Day of *July* next,
At TWELVE o'Clock at Noon,

A SHARE in the

Charles-Town Library Society,

Which belonged to the late Dr. THOMAS CAW.

By Order of the Executors,
June 13th, 1774. ROBERT WELLS.

New Advertisements.

PROPOSALS
FOR AN IMPROVED
MAP,
OF THE
COLONY
OF
SOUTH-CAROLINA.
TO BE EMBELLISHED
With an elegant FRONTISPIECE,
By a CAPITAL HAND.

CONDITIONS.

THE Dimenſions of the MAP will be Thirty Inches by Thirty-four Inches, being on a Scale of ſeven Miles to an Inch, in which, with proper Diſtinctions, will be laid down, the

SEA-COAST, ISLANDS, | RIVERS, CREEKS, | LAKES, SWAMPS, &c.

ALSO, THE SEVERAL

TOWNS, COURT-HOUSES, CHURCHES, MEETING-HOUSES, | CHAPELS, FORTS, TAVERNS, | ROADS, BRIDGES, FERRIES, &c.

With the Diviſions and Subdiviſions of the Colony into Counties, Diſtricts, Pariſhes, Townſhips, the Catawba Truſt, &c. &c. &c.

The Price to Subſcribers will be FIVE POUNDS Currency each. Thoſe who chuſe to have them coloured, which will be but a moderate Addition to the Price, are deſired to make that Diſtinction on ſubſcribing, the Money to be paid on Delivery of the MAP, which will be about the firſt Day of January next.

N. B. A few POCKET MAPS, on a Scale of twenty Miles to an Inch, will be ſtruck off upon Parchment, for the Uſe of the Gentlemen who ride the Circuits, and others who travel.—The Price to Subſcribers *ONE DOLLAR* each.

The Publiſhers having examined the Performances of the beſt Maſters in this Branch of engraving, have reſolved to give the Preference to one of the greateſt Merit, being determined to ſpare no Expence with Reſpect to the Neatneſs of the Engraving, the fineneſs of the Paper, and Beauty of the Colouring, to render this one of the moſt elegant Performances of the Kind in AMERICA. Thoſe Gentlemen who are inclined to patronize the Undertaking, are requeſted to give in their Names ſoon, that a Liſt of the Subſcribers may be printed.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are received by Peter Timothy, and Charles Crouch, Printers, Robert Wells, and Nicholas Lanceford, Bookſellers, Bonnery & Wilſon, and William Doughty, Merchants in Charles-Town; Anthony Bonneau, Merchant in George-Town; Edward Davies, Merchant in Beaufort; and by ſeveral other Gentlemen in Town and Country.

AS there are already two Maps of this Colony extant, it may be neceſſary to give ſome Reaſons for undertaking a Third, and as this is chiefly owing to the Inaccuracies obſerved in the others, we need only particularize the ſeveral Alterations, Corrections, and Additions in the preſent one, that the Public may judge whether they are of Conſequence ſufficient to induce ſuch a Publication. In doing this, we hope we ſhall not offend the Conſtructors of thoſe Maps, as the Errors we are under the Neceſſity of pointing out, are not imputed to Want of Abilities, but to the Nature of the Subject, which will not admit of Perfection, but by gradual Advances.

I. The ſeveral Diſtrict Lines are laid down from actual Surveys, which in the firſt Map are all, except one, omitted, and in the ſecond, drawn from the Directions of the Circuit-Court Act, the Conſequence of which is, that many Houſes, and other remarkable Places, repreſented by them to be in one Diſtrict, are, in Reality, found to be many Miles within another; to which we may add, that in the laſt Map, One Half of the Diſtrict of Ninety-Six, is included in that of Camden.—We have, in the Courſe of our Survey, carefully noted every River, Creek, Swamp, Bay, Branch, Road, &c. in our Way, and reduced them to their proper Places, and made many Additions of others not to be found in the other Maps.

II. The Townſhips of Williamſburgh, Orangeburgh, Frederickſburgh, Kingſton, Hillſborough, and Belfaſt, (the two laſt miſnamed New-Bourdeaux, and Londonderry) being erroneouſly laid down, are conſiderably corrected, and thoſe of Queenſborough, Boonesborough, and [illegible] omitted in the other Maps, are here added.—The [illegible] of Prince Frederick, St. Peter's and St. David, not deſcribed in the firſt Map, and erroneouſly done in the ſecond, are laſt drawn from actual Surveys, and the Bounds of St. Matthew's and St. James, Goose-Creek, [illegible] are here inſerted.

III. Excluſive of the Advantages derived from having out the ſeveral Diſtrict Lines, the Publiſhers have been able in the Courſe of their Practice to make many other Corrections and Additions from actual Surveys, particularly of the whole Pariſhes of St. James, Santee; conſiderable Part of the Pariſhes of St. John, Berkley County, St. Thomas, Chriſt-Church, St. Matthew, St. Mark, St. David, Prince Frederick, St. Paul, and St. John, Colleton-County; the new Acquiſition, called Santee River, for the Diſtance of One Hundred Miles, including the Creeks and Inlets near its Mouth, and the Harbour of North-Ediſto from its Entrance to the Confluence of North and South-Ediſto Rivers.

The Meridians are drawn as reflecting the Number of Miles contained in a Degree of Longitude in their Latitude, ſhewing the Difference of Time between the City of London and Charles-Town, or between any two Places in the Colony; a Circumſtance neglected in the other MAPS.

V. In the nominal Part the Orthography is corrected, and many Places appearing without Names, that Defect is here ſupplied.

VI. The ſeveral Houſes are omitted for this Reaſon, that as the Proprietors of them are continually changing, the Inſertion of them would ſerve no other End in the Courſe of a few Years, than to perplex and confuſe, beſides, as it would be impoſſible to inſert them all, we might incur the Charge of Partiality.—We hope this will be conſidered as an Improvement rather than a Defect, as every Gentleman may determine the preciſe Situation of his own Houſe, by obſerving the River, Creek, or Swamp, on which it is ſituated, or its Diſtance from any Church, Chapel, Tavern, Road, Bridge, or Ferry.

VII. Laſtly, we may mention the Size, as another Advantage, as in every Map or Plan it is neceſſary for the Eye to command the Whole at one View, in order to form a juſt Idea of the Relation and Connection between the ſeveral Parts, while at the ſame Time, it ſhould be ſo large as to avoid the Confuſion occaſioned by being too much crouded; In the firſt Reſpect, the large Map is particularly defective, being rather an Incumbrance than an Ornament to any Apartment; the ſmall one is on the other Extreme.—We hope the preſent one will be found in a proper Medium; the Proportions between the three being nearly as 3, 7, and 9, and yet by a different Diſpoſition of the Compartment, and other detached Parts, it will be but three Inches wider, and no deeper than the ſmall one.

To conclude, from the above Materials, carefully collected, and properly digeſted, the Publiſhers flatter themſelves, it is now in their Power to preſent the moſt correct and complete MAP of the Colony of SOUTH-CAROLINA, which induces them to hope for that Favour and Encouragement, which the Public are ever generous enough to afford to thoſe who contribute in any Manner to their Entertainment.

HENRY MOUZON, jun.
EPHRAIM MITCHELL.

Charles-Town, May 26, 1774.

To be SOLD,
On Tueſday *the 5th of* JULY *next*,
A CARGO OF
One Hundred and Twenty
VERY PRIME & LIKELY

SLAVES,

Juſt arrived after a ſhort Paſſage, in the Brigt. *Frances*, Captain *Edward Williamſon*, from SENEGAL.

Edwards, Fiſher & Co.

On *Monday* the 4th Day of *July* next,
Will be Sold by public Outcry,
At the Plantation of the late Mr. THOMAS DURAND, *in* Prince-Frederick's *Pariſh*,

His STOCK of all Sorts,
CONSISTING OF

HORSES, Cattle, and Hogs; together with the Plantation Tools, about One Hundred Buſhels of Corn, and Fifty Buſhels of Rough Rice; alſo Three Canoes and a Wind Fan.

AND,

On *Thurſday* the 7th of ſaid Month,
At Mrs. BALDWIN's, *in* Chriſt-Church *Pariſh*,
Will be SOLD,
Nineteen very valuable Negroes,
AMONGST THEM ARE,

A jobbing Carpenter, a Cooper, Squarers, and ſeveral Pair of Sawyers. The Condition of the above Sales are, all Sums that do not exceed 200*l.* to be paid immediately in CASH, and for all above, Credit will be given to the firſt of January next, paying Intereſt and giving approved Security; the Property not to be altered, until the Conditions are complied with.

All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make immediate Payment, and thoſe to whom the Eſtate is indebted, to make known their Demands to

LEVI DURAND, *Adminiſtrator.*

For LONDON,
THE BRIG
HARMONY,
William Shaylor, Maſter;

[illegible] ſhe now lies at Cochen above [illegible] Barrels of Rice, and will be ready to take on board the reſt in a few Days. For Freight or Paſſage apply to the Maſter on board, or to

LEVIUS CLARKSON.

N. B. To be ſold on board the ſaid Veſſel, a Parcel of Northward Hay, and a few Boxes of Spermaceti Candles. Apply to the Captain at Chalmpney's Wharf.

To be SOLD *for no Fault*,
By PUBLIC OUTCRY,
At Mr. PIKE's Long-Room,
On Wednesday *the 6th of* JULY *next*,

A NEGRO WOMAN, a very good Waſher and plain Cook, with her two Female Children, one about twelve Years, and the other about twelve Months old. Credit will be given for ſix Months, paying Intereſt, and giving Security.

To be SOLD,
On WEDNESDAY *the 6th Day* [illegible] *next*,
A CARGO
Two Hundred [illegible]
PRIME

NEGROES,
Juſt arrived in the Ship *Hector*, Capt. WILLIAM LLEWELLIN, directly from ANGOLA.

JOHN NEUFVILLE.

For SALE,
On *Thurſday* the 7th of JULY next.
A ſmall CARGO
OF
About FIFTY
PRIME

SLAVES,
JUST ARRIVED,
In the Brig HOPE, Captain ELISHA WARNER.
John Smyth, & Co.

JACOB VALK,
INFORMS the Public in general and his Friends in particular, that he has taken the Houſe where Mr. *Thomas Pike* lately lived in *Church ſtreet*, together with that large commodious Room, (for the better accommodating Buſineſs for the public Utility) and where he hopes to meet with a Continuance of their Favours.

Good Madera WINE,
At £.7 10*ſ.* per Dozen,
To be SOLD,
By FRANCES SWALLOW.

[illegible]ber being under a Neceſſity of [illegible]OT, will diſpoſe of the ſame very [illegible]e whole Front of 100 Feet, together [illegible]42 Feet, or divided in any Number [illegible]ll alſo diſpoſe of a compleat Seam- [illegible] Child's a handy Girl about 12 [illegible]od Seamſtreſs, and darns well; a [illegible] born Girl about 10 Years old; alſo, a [illegible] Fellow who ſerved four Years at the Bricklaying Buſineſs, he is alſo a good Field Slave; a young ſtout Fellow uſed as a Porter for many Years, who is a good Field Slave; and a Negro Man uſed as a Porter and Sailor, who is as ſtout a Fellow as any in the Province.

JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

Who deſires all Perſons indebted to him, to diſcharge their Bonds, Notes and Accounts immediately; otherwiſe, he is under the diſagreeable Neceſſity of ſuing for the ſame.

SOUTH-CAROLINA,
CAMDEN DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of *Common Pleas* begun and holden at CAMDEN, on *Tueſday* the 5th Day of *April* 1774,

JOHN KELLY,
ADAM M'ELVINE, | And,
HARMAN KINSERLOW,

Being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as JURORS at the ſaid Court, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance;

Notice is hereby given,

That they will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS Proclamation Money of *America*, each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, and tranſmit the ſame to the Pleas-Office in CHARLES-TOWN, by the 30th Day of *November* next.

Thomas Turner, D. C. C. P.

St. James's Pariſh, Santee, June [illegible] 1774.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Perſons liable to work on the High Roads, Bridges, &c. in this Pariſh, that they render an Account upon Oath, of all their Male Slaves from the Age of 16 to 60 Years, (to any of the Subſcribers, Commiſſioners) on or before the firſt Monday in [illegible] next; otherwiſe, on that Day Executions will be granted againſt every Defaulter without Diſtinction.

PAUL DOUXSAINT,
DANIEL HORRY,
THOMAS HORRY,
JACOB MOTTE,
CASPERS BOONE,
LEWIS MILES,
RICHARD WITHERS,
JOHN DRAKE,
JONAH COLLINS,
} COMMISSIONERS.

To be Sold by private Contract,
THE Houſe and Lot in Old Church-ſtreet, where Mr. James Johnſon, Baker, lately reſided very conveniently ſituated for Buſineſs; one Half the Purchaſe Money will be wanted, and a long Credit will be given for the Remainder. For Particulars, apply to

PETER BOUNETHEAU.

To be SOLD,

On Thurſday *the 7th of* JULY *next*,

At ELEVEN o'Clock in the Forenoon,

At the uſual Place in *Charles Town*,

TWELVE valuable NEGROES,

amongſt whom are good Blackſmiths, Houſe Wenches and Boys.

And at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon of the ſame Day,

Will be SOLD,

At the Shop of Mr. Tebout, *on Mr.* Furn's *Wharf*,

Sundry Blackſmiths Tools, and Iron Work; late the Property of *Tunes Tebout*, and ſold under Execution, by

THOMAS GRIMBALL, Jun. Sheriff.

Credit will be given 'till the Firſt of MARCH next, for all Sums above *One Hundred Pounds*, paying Intereſt, and giving Security if required.

To be SOLD,

On Tueſday *the 12th of* JULY *next*,

At the uſual Place in *Charles-Town*,

At ELEVEN o'Clock in the Forenoon,

A Certain Piece or Part of a LOT of LAND, ſituate on the Corner of *Dennis's-Alley* and *Union-ſtreet* in *Charles-Town*, containing in Front on the ſaid Alley 86 Feet more or leſs; and on the ſaid Street 32 Feet more or leſs, on which ſaid Lot are three Houſes with Kitchens, and other Buildings; late the Property of *Edward Dwſey*, deceaſed, and ſold under Execution.

At the ſame Time and Place,

Will be SOLD,

A valuable Phntation or Trac

Of Land, containing 1100 Acres ſituate in St. John's Berkley County; bounding to the Northwe[ſt] on William Flud, David Hanl, Benjamin Cuming, Ma[r]thias Frank, and Jame's M'Kelvey's Lands; Sourh[-E]aſt on vacant Land; South-Eaſt on Robert Ervin's, and [va]cant Land; and North-Eaſt on Cornelius Conſtantine and vacant Land.

One other Plantation or Tract of Land, containing 300 Acres, ſituate in St. John's Parith aforeſ[aid] bounding to the North-Eaſt on Richard Norman's Land, and all other Sides on vacant Land at the Time of the original Grant.

One other Plantation or Tract of [Land] containing 350 Acres, ſituate in St. John's Parith, Berkley County, bounding South-Eaſt on [Charles Cooper] and vacant Land, South-Weſtwardly on vacant Land, North-Weſtwardly on vacant Land, North-Eaſtwardly on Lands of Gabriel Marion, John Matthews and James M'Kelvey.

One other Plantation or Tract of [Land] containing 200 Acres, adjoining the laſt mentioned Tract of 300 Acres, ſituate to the South-Eaſtward of the ſame, to the Eaſt on Scott's Old Field, to the Weſt on Hyrne's Land, and to the Weſt on Land belonging to the Eſtate of Mr. Godfrey; late the Property of Samuel Dubois, deceaſed, and ſold under Execution.

Alſo, A certain Plantation or Tract of Land containing 500 Acres, ſituate in St. John's Parith, Berkley County, bounding to the Eaſtward of the original Grant, and on all other Sides on vacant Land, late the Property of James [illegible] and ſold under Execution, by

THOMAS GRIMBALL, Jun. Sheriff.

THE Aſſeſſment for the Year for the Inhabitants and others, who [illegible] in the Parifhes of *Philip* and *St. Michael*, for the Maintenance of the Poor there, [illegible]. Notice is hereby given that the [illegible] to receive the ſame at his Houſe in *Church-ſtreet*, [illegible] *Peronneau's* in *Queen-ſtreet*, from the Saturday following, from [illegible] in the Forenoon, and from [illegible] Aſſeſſment.

By Order of the Veſtry,

PETER BOUNETHEAU, *Clerk*.

JUST IMPORTED

In the MAGNA-CHARTA, *Captain* MAITLAND, *from* LONDON,

A Variety of Plate and Jewels, Swords and Cutteaux, &c. &c. ſuitable to the Goldſmiths Buſineſs in the Way, directly from the beſt Makers, in a regular Branch, and finiſhed as well as for London, to be SOLD at the loweſt Price for a reaſonable CREDIT, by

PHILIP TIDYMAN.

In the Magna Charta, *Captain* [illegible] *from* LONDON,

A Variety of SILKS of the neweſt Patterns; with a general Aſſortment of GOODS, to be ſold very cheap, by

HANSELL & CORBETT.

For LONDON,

(To ſail in Ten Days)

THE BRIGANTINE

EXPEDITION,

JOHN SPENCE, Maſter.

For Freight or Paſſage, apply to

ROGER SMITH.

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber the 9th Inſtant, a ſhort well ſet Indian Wench, named HANNAH; had on when ſhe went away, a blue and white Linen Jacket, a blue Negro Cloth Habit, and a blue and white ſtriped Linen Petticoat. Whoever will deliver the ſaid Wench to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, or to me, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward.

THOMAS JERVEY.

June 24, 1774.

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber, on *Wedneſday* the 20th of *April* laſt, a Negro Fellow named ISAAC, a very ſenſible Country born Slave; had on when he went away, a lappelled white Negro Cloth Jacket with blue Buttons, a Robbin, white Negro Cloth Trowſers of the ſame, and a Check Linen ſhirt. I will reward any Perſon with TEN POUNDS, that will deliver the ſaid Fellow to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, Mr. *Brian Cape*, Merchant, in *Charles-Town*, or in *Chriſt Church Parish*, to

ELEAZER WIGFALL.

RUN AWAY

From on board the Sloop [illegible] Capt. [illegible] on Saturday Night, a Negro Man [illegible] about 25 Years of Age, [illegible] black Fellow, ſtrong [illegible] Hand being crooked [illegible] *liſh*. [illegible] and Five Pounds [illegible]

N. B. He is [illegible] a Schooner [illegible]

June [illegible]

To be SOLD,

On Tueſday *the* [illegible] *Day of* July *next*,

SUNDRY [illegible] Ann of Land and other [illegible] acquainted [illegible]

A PLANTATION [illegible]

[illegible] Notice is hereby given, [illegible] Perſons [illegible] Eſtate of [illegible] Deceaſed, [illegible] Accounts [illegible] to the Subſcribers [illegible] Payment [illegible] Order, or pay [illegible]

[illegible], 1774.

On Monday *the* [illegible] *Day of* July *next*,

Will be SOLD,

[illegible] *the Eſtate of the Late Mr.* Thomas Durand, [illegible] *Iſland on Sampit*, containing [illegible] Acres, [illegible] Hundred of which [illegible] Swamp, and about fifty [illegible] Land. On this Plantation are a Dwelling-[illegible] Out-Houſes. Credit will be given [illegible] Security may be taken [illegible] Purchaſe Land. Credit will [illegible] the 1ſt January next for the Truſt, paying Intereſt and giving [illegible] Security. The Property not to be altered until the Terms are complied with.

JAMES DURAND.

LOST on Monday the 20th of *June* Inſtant, [illegible] the Outer-Houſe and Charles Town, a CORNELIAN SEAL, [illegible] Gold, and a Chain of STEEL CHAIN, on one End of the Seal is engraved a Coat of Arms, two Buſſoes a Tree, and on the other Side P. M. Whoever will deliver the Seal and Chain to the Printer, ſhall receive THREE DOLLARS Reward.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

THE Subſcriber hereby gives Notice, agreeable to the Act intituled [illegible] that he is about to depart the Province, and is ready to anſwer any Suit that ſhall be brought againſt him, and in the mean Time, ſhall be always ready to appear and give Bail to any Summons that ſhall be iſſued againſt him.

PAUL MAZYCK.

To be Sold by private Contract,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, containing 300 Acres ſituate on the Branches of Beaver-Dam Creek, a Branch of Turkey-Creek, in Granville County, bounding N. W. on Land of Hezekiah Sullivan, N. by Land held by Robert Melville, S. W. on Land of William Goode, and all other Sides on vacant Land. The ſaid Tract conſiſts chiefly of Oak and Hic[kory]. One, two, or three Years Credit will be given, [pay]ing the Intereſt annually. For further Particulars, [en]quire on Chamney's Wharf.

(6. 6.) DANIEL STEVENS.

THE Cattle, Plantation Tools, &c. belonging to the Eſtate of the late EBENEZER SIMMONS, Dec. formerly advertiſed for Sale, and unavoidably put off, will poſitively be Sold at the Plantation of the ſaid Deceaſed, at Stono, on Tueſday the 26th Day of June inſtant, and at the ſame Time and Place will be ſold an open SCOONER, which carries about Seventy Barrels of Rice, and a Pettyaugre CANOE, both belonging to the ſaid Eſtate. JAMES SIMMONS, *Executor*.

JUST IMPORTED

In the Scow HARVEY, *Captain* BATTIN,

A Quantity of exceeding fine OATS, which will be diſpoſed of on very low Terms. Apply to ſaid Maſter on board at *Mattis's Wharf*, or

SYKES & LUSHINGTON.

TO BE SEEN

At the Houſe of THOMAS ADAMSON, *In* MEETING-STREET, *at the Sign of the Horſe* MARK, *oppoſite* EDWARD RUTLEDGE, *Eſq. at any Hour of the Day*,

The wonderful Electrical FISHES.

They are Natives of the ſouthernmoſt Part of NORTH-AMERICA, and have never been ſeen before that we know of. Theſe Fiſh have the ſurpriſing Power of darting the Shock thro' a Circle formed by any Number of Perſons, the ſame as the Electrical Phial doth in the LEYDEN EXPERIMENT: This Fiſh by its Power likewiſe kills ſmall Fiſh when put into the Water to it, before he devours them.——Many ingenious Experiments have been made by a Committee appointed for that Purpoſe, by a Philoſophical Society.

Gentlemen and Ladies who chooſe to gratify their Curioſity by viewing this extraordinary Production of Nature, at the ſmall Expence of Half a DOLLAR each, are deſired to be ſpeedy, as the Proprietor intends to ſtay but a few Days in this Place.

N. B. It is a remarkable Cure for the Palſy or Weakneſs of the Nerves.

To be HIRED *out*,

A WELL NURSE,

[illegible] NEGRO WOMAN, with a good [illegible] Child. Enquire at [illegible]'s

---

Edward Lightwood,

HAS removed his Books and PAPERS to his Compting-Houſe on a new Brick Building on the Eaſt Side of Meeting-ſtreet, oppoſite to D. Cay[illegible]

Notice is hereby given,

THAT whatever Proſtitutes may be [illegible] for the Uſe of the Poor-Houſe [illegible] not be paid, but on the Account of the ſaid Houſe, to the Perſons who ſupply'd the ſame, and no [illegible] to Warrants or Orders for [illegible] Order of the Vendue-Maſter.

[illegible], 1774.

On Monday *the* [illegible] *Day of* July *next*,

Will be SOLD,

[illegible] *the Eſtate of the Late Mr.* Thomas Durand, [illegible] *Iſland on Sampit*, containing [illegible] Acres, [illegible] Hundred of which [illegible] Swamp, and about fifty [illegible] Land. On this Plantation are a Dwelling-[illegible] Out-Houſes. Credit will be given [illegible] Security may be taken [illegible] Purchaſe Land. Credit will [illegible] the 1ſt January next for the Truſt, paying Intereſt and giving [illegible] Security. The Property not to be altered until the Terms are complied with.

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JUST IMPORTED

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A Quantity of exceeding fine OATS, which will be diſpoſed of on very low Terms. Apply to ſaid Maſter on board at *Mattis's Wharf*, or

SYKES & LUSHINGTON.

WANTED,

A WAITER for a TAVERN.

Such a one who underſtands his Buſineſs, will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to

FRANCES SWALLOW.

CHARLES-TOWN CHAMBER of COMMERCE.

JUNE 2d, 1774.

RESOLVED,

THAT in order to prevent in future the Loss which may arise to Purchasers of Liquors from the present Method of gauging by Rod in this Town, no Member of this Chamber will, after the first Day of July next, buy or sell any Wine, Rum, Molasses, or other Liquors, usually sold by gauge, unless they are gauged by the Method called GUNTER's, and that public Notice of this Resolution be given in the several GAZETTES.

By Order of the President,

JOHN HOPTON, *Secretary.*

ALL Persons indebted to *George Gowen*, House Carpenter, of *Charles-Town*, are desired to make Payment to the subscriber; and those to whom said *George Gowen* is indebted, are desired to deliver in their Accounts on Oath, by the 15th Day of *October* next, as a Dividend will then be made of what Monies may be received, by

EDWARD BLAKE, *Assignee.*

To be Sold by public Vendue,

On Tuesday *the* 12th *of* July *next*,

At the usual Place in Charles-Town,

ALL that PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, containing 280 Acres, late in the Possession of Mrs. *Elizabeth Smith*, deceased, situate in St. *Andrew's* Parish, on the public Road leading to *Rantowle's*, and adjoining Lands of *John Lloyd*, and *Jeremiah Savage*, Esqrs. The Terms of Payment will be declared at the sale, by JOHN MATHEWES, jun.

To be Sold at public Vendue,

On Tuesday *the* 27th *of* Dec. *next*,

All the real and personal ESTATE of JOSEPH BRITTON, Esq; deceased,

CONSISTING OF

SOME very valuable Tracts of Land; one of which has about 100 Acres of Land cleared, fit for Rice, Corn and Indico, situated on Pedee, and containing 500 Acres. *Also*, A Parcel of valuable SLAVES, amongst which are, a Shoemaker and a Tanner; a Stock of Cattle, Hogs, Horses, Sheep, Household Furniture, Shoemaker's, Tanners and Coopers Tools, Indico Vats, Phoenix Stove. Credit will be given to the 1st of *January* 1776, giving approved security, and paying Interest from the Day of Sale. All Persons indebted to the said Estate are desired to make immediate Payment; and those to whom the Estate is indebted, are desired to apply for their Debts known and receive Payment by the 1st Day of December next, as no Debts will be paid after that Time.

ANN BRITTON, *Executrix.*

DANIEL BRITTON, *Executor.*

STOLEN out of my House was broke open in the Night of the 9th Instant, and a great Number of Things taken away, among which were a green Stone Ring set with six Diamond sparks; a Mourning Ring, the Inscription *Nicholas Needham*, &c. &c. the Enamel pretty much worn out, two small wrought Rings, a Pair of white Stone Ear-Rings set in Gold, with three Drops, a Pair of red Stone Ear-Rings and Necklace, a Pair of Garnet Ear-Rings and Necklace, the Trinkets which make a neat an Equipage, Gold inlaid, with Mother of Pearl, a Pair of thick plain Gold Girdle Buckles, and many other Things of Jewellery; several Pair of Muslin Ruffles, laced, worked and plain; one Pair of treble Ruffles, the Lace over worked; Book Muslin and Gauze Aprons, some of them with Lace round; five or six Ivory-Stick Fans, one of them very handsome, the Mount one Side Leather, the other very fine Paper, and the Screw set with purple Stones; Gloves, Handkerchiefs, a Bum Box of Ribbons; a white Rowered Sattin Hat and a Chip ditto, both trimmed; a Child's yellow Ground Brocade Skirt; four Red Cloaks of different coloured Linen or Callico, with white Borders, the Middle of one Patch-Work laid on white Callico; some new Irish Linen; four or five Yards of Tobine Lutestring; a Remnant of blue and white Furniture Check; Part of a Set of Enamel Tea China, Sheets, and a great many other Things. A Reward of *Twenty Five Pounds*, will be given on Delivery of any of the Things, and a further Reward of *Fifty Pounds*, on Conviction of the Thief or Thieves, to any Person who will give Information.

ROBERT COCHRAN.

June 16, 1774.

To be Sold by private Contract,

THE subscriber's House and Lot, wherein he now lives, in *Tradd-Street*, directly opposite to *Thomas Fuller*, Esq; likewise another very valuable Lot in *Archdale-Street*, 50 Feet front, and 189 Feet deep, with two convenient Tenements, which rent for 350 *l.* per Annum. The Condition of the Sale is Twelve Months Credit, paying Interest, with approved Security, if required. Any Person inclinable to become a Purchaser, may treat with

ANTHONY TOOMER.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

HATH moved his Family into the Old Free School House, could dispence with four or five Pupils more, especially such as are docile, and Masters of the first four Rules of Arithmetic, and understand something of the English Grammar; the Practice of the Compting-House in various Parts of the Globe, the Use of the Globes, and every Branch of the Mathematicks, taught by JOHN TURE.

Who is provided with every necessary Apparatus, &c. for the different Sciences.

The SUBSCRIBER,

Acquaints the PUBLIC,

THAT at his OFFICE in *Meeting-Street* (opposite to JAMES SIMPSON, Esq.) Merchants, Tradesmen, and others, may have their BOOKS brought up, with the utmost Dispatch;—Persons entering into Business, have them opened and regulated, in a proper Manner.

All Accompts of Partnerships, Executors, Assignees, &c. clearly adjusted.

MONEY BORROWED, and LENT at Interest, without the least Expence to the Lender, or *any Premium from the Borrower*, except a moderate Commission.

*** Those Gentlemen who chuse to employ him in any Kind of Commission Business, may have undoubted Security, if required, and every Endeavour will be exerted to give Satisfaction.

PHILIP HENRY.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Dr. *Barnard Hunford*, Late of *Goose-Creek*, deceased, are desired forthwith to pay their Accounts to Mr. *Philip Henry*, who is authorized to settle the same.

Those that remain unpaid on the first of August next, will be sued without Distinction, there being an absolute Necessity to close all Concerns relative to the said Estate.

MILES BREWTON, *Administrator.*

For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing One Hundred and Seventy Acres, on the Sea Shore, in the Parish of St. James, Santee, adjoining Land of Messrs. Nathan Legare, Lewis Mouzon, and Daniel McGregory one Half of which is fit for the Culture of Indico, Corn, &c. and the Whole remarkably well timbered with Pine and Pitewood; the furthest Part of it not more than Half a Mile from a Landing.

Also, One Hundred Acres adjoining the above and Lands of said Nathaniel Legare, and Daniel McGregor, and bounding on the Sea Shore, having a Landing thereto, not more than Half a Mile from the extreme Part of it; this Tract is also well timbered, and fit for Rice, Corn, or Indico; they will be sold together or separate. For Terms, apply to

PHILIP HENRY.

To be disposed of at private SALE,

A NEGRO LAD, a complete Waiter, has been used to House service in particular; understands something of Horses, and the general Attendance upon a Gentleman. Apply to

PHILIP HENRY.

For SALE,

A Negro Wench, NEGRO MAN, Rice free from any known Faults.—Rice at the Market Price, will be taken in Payment.

Please to apply to PHILIP HENRY.

For Sale up private Contract,

A Lot of Land very valuable, on Account of its advantageous Situation on the Corner of two wide Streets, containing One Hundred and Forty Feet Front on Meeting-Street, and Two Hundred on Hazel-Street.

A valuable Plantation in St. James's Parish, Goose-Creek, containing Four Hundred and Fifty Acres, joining Land of Elias [illegible] Withers.—On the premises are a good new built [illegible] Six Rooms, with a large Piazza and other necessary Buildings. This Plantation is well situated for a Brick Kiln, being on a large Creek, where Scooners of any Burthen may load with Ease.

A commodious and well finished House situate in Orange-Street, opposite the Hon. Thomas Knox Gordon, Esq'r's, consisting of Six airy Rooms, a Kitchen, Fowl House, good Cellar, and every other requisite Buildings. The Lot contains Forty-two Feet Front by One Hundred Feet deep.

Also, Three Hundred Acres of Land in St. Thomas's Parish, bounding North-West on Samuel Wells's Land, and South-West on Eliz. Wigfall's Land. On the Premises [illegible] good [illegible]

For further Particulars please to apply to

PHILIP HENRY.

For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing Two Hundred and Fifty Acres in St. Bartholomew's Parish, on the Branches of [illegible] Creek, Waters of Edisto River, [illegible] North easterly on Land [illegible] North-eastward and [illegible]

Also, Two Hundred Acres of LAND [illegible] Branches of Four-Hole Creek [illegible]

PHILIP HENRY.

For SALE,

FOUR Hundred and Fifty Acres of Land, near the Boundary Line of Orangeburg Township, on a Branch of Edisto River, known by the Name of the STONE SWAMP; and Three Hundred Acres in Hillsborough Township, joining Lands of Robert Reache, Daniel and Jean Davids, and James Fellree. The Purchaser may have long Credit, paying Interest, and giving Security, if required.

PHILIP HENRY.

SALE by private Contract

of Land, containing One Thousand Hundred Acres on the Head Branches of Creek, a Branch of Thickettee Creek, the Broad River. Apply to

PHILIP HENRY.

THE Subscriber having disposed of Plantation on Wando-River, will sell T one good NEGROES, some have been used to the Rest are choice Field Slaves.—*Also*, A larg built Flat Scooner in good Condition. For the Te Payment, which will be very easy, please to a PHILIP HENRY in *Charles-Town*, or on Fossin's to JAMES CO

For SALE very Cheap,

A Lot of Land up the Path, opposite to *John Watson's*, containing in Front Seven Feet, and in Depth Two Hundred Feet. Apply PHILIP HEN

To be SOLD together or separate,

UPWARDS of One Hundred of LAND in *Orangeburgh* Township; of these Lots are good Dwelling-houses newly built will be sold very cheap for CASH or short Credit.

Four Tracts of Land in *Amelia* Town viz. One of 500 Acres; One of 450; One of 100 One of 50 Acres. The two latter Tracts join, contiguous to the Road; through which there is modious Approach to a House, that at present is Store.

Four valuable Tracts of Land on *Santee* ver; One of 1000 Acres, chiefly fine Swamp Land of 600; and Two of 150 Acre each. These Tracts are extraordinary good Land.

Also, Two Tracts of Land in the *Long* Settlement; One of 400 Acres; the other 300. ticulars, apply to PHILIP HEN

STRAYED from the Stables of Mr. *Gross*, about two Months ago, [illegible] with a Star in his Forehead, [illegible] Four Years Old; has [illegible] branded on the off Buttock [illegible] Fetlocks and Mane; a great deal [illegible] some Place between this and the Two-Mile House. Person who [illegible] the said Horse, and [illegible] him to me [illegible] shall receive TWO DOLLARS Reward.

LAUGHLIN MARTIN.

Who has for SALE,

at the Corner of UNION-STREET, [illegible]

A few neat Silk Umbrellos, [illegible] some Table Linen of different [illegible] BOARDERS by the Week, Month or Year, [illegible] reasonable Terms.

WHEREAS on *Saturday* the 4th Instant, about Noon, as I was riding to my [illegible] was conveying a Negro Fellow to my Plantation in *St. James's Parish*, that had been run away from me, accosted by four white Men, about two Miles this Side *Goose-Creek Bridge*, who desired him to call the Horse he rode; but on his refusing they came up, whipped the Negro he was leading, and beat him in a cruel Manner, [illegible] by the Temple, by which he was [illegible] detained down at least a considerable Time; on his coming to himself the Negro, Horse, Saddle, Bridle [illegible] dle thereto tied, were gone, [illegible] Thing he had, and a Letter directed to Mr. *Gignilliat, St. John's*, taken away; and as I presume they the said white Men, have [illegible] ried away the said Negro, Horse, &c. as persons of have been heard of since. And in order, if possible, bring to Justice such a Set of Banditti, I will give *Hundred Pounds Currency*, to any Person or Persons may be able to apprehend and convict any one or more the said Robbers; and a further Reward of *Ten* like Money, on the Delivery of the Negro, either or the Warden of the Work-House, in *Charles-Town* Mr. *Benjamin Gignilliat*, on my Plantation [illegible] Square, [illegible] Miles from *Moncks-Corner*, and *Pounds* for the Delivery of the Horse at any of the [illegible] tion, or to me in *Charles-Town*.

The Negro [illegible] JOE, a likely Fellow, yellowish Complexion, [illegible] 22 Years of Age, [illegible] five Feet eight Inches high, [illegible] pretty good Teeth, [illegible] Ancles turning [illegible] and find one when [illegible] Driver, a Negro Cloth Jacket, Canvas Trowsers, Woollen Cap.

The HORSE, black, [illegible] 14 Hands high, a hard Trotter, [illegible] broad [illegible] near Buttock [illegible] P. on the near Shoulder, W H, and on the off Shoulder [illegible]

ROGER PINCKNEY.

Charles-Town, 23, 1774.

To be Sold by private Contract

THAT valuable Lot of Land, with Buildings thereon, situated on the South Side of *Tradd-Street*, CHARLES-TOWN, belonging to the Estate of LUKE STOUTENBURGH, Esq; deceased, containing in Front on the said Street Ninety-one Feet five Inches, exclusive of the Alley to the Eastward, and in Depth One Hundred and five Feet six Inches.

The Purchaser may have twelve Months Credit, paying Interest and giving Security. For further Particulars apply to ROBERT WELLS, or

WILLIAM STOUTENBURGH, *Administrator.*